THE COW-BOYS ACQUITTED

At The Examining Trial Last Saturday.

ATTENDED BY LARGE CROWDS

The Evidence Introduced Fails To Identify The Assassin.

were connected with Buckskin train pulled out. Bill's Wild West show. which exI saw cow-boys pass back; yes, utes after it was over; I had been raising stock, the same that he night Claude Wheeler was killed, went; heard a conversation about of an hour before the shooting oc- nothing of the great saving, there whose testimony is given below. or not, but I suppose he was. No witnesses were introduced for the defense. After hearing the evidence Judge Rochester ruled that as no witness had identified the prisoners as participants in the killing that they were discharged.

attracted my attention. I turned know around and saw a man dressed as town. a rough-rider cross the railroad to the platform in front of the railroad office with a pistol. One man cried out, "Come, we are going to shots fired. I did not see Claud man had on a cowboy hat; I could hear the shots; I could not tell who they were shooting at; I did not see them hit Claud. After the was down at the depot at the time do not know where these men (the shooting I first saw Claud in front of Claud Wheeler's death; I saw prisoners) were at that time; they of Mr. Robertson's; in seven or a number of cow-boys; they were were not in the crowd. remark, "There goes the d-s- in a about a quarter of an hourb—. Just after the shooting I saw were going back when I last saw a man walk up to another man and them; I could not say where they ask if he was hurt. The man said went, but it was up the railroad; I morning of the trial Mr, James he was; he was a spare made man; saw a part of the shooting; I saw asked me where I was that day; he he was wounded in the neck; he it was cow-boys shooting, but I did not talk to me about what I said, "They have wounded Ken-could not tell who they were shoo-would testify; I do not know whe-

Cross-Examined.

or not; there seemed to be a good were fired from the ground or not;

Of The Murder of Claud Wheeler [many men there; I could not say whether these prisoners fired a shot at Claud Wheeler or not.

not see any licks.

1 went down there about twenty Eli McGregor, M, Heffner and minutes after the show perform- was down at the depot when the Claude Morton were arrested in ances were over. Saw a crowd of trouble occurred, or just south of Princeton and brought here Sunsix cow-boys and one Indian; tall the depot. There was a big crowd brought here Sunsix cow-boys after the that my fellow-farmers and countook place at the Pilot Knob cem-day School convention; and in orday morning, charged with the and had on a white hat; they wal- shooting was over—three or four; trymen are in my opinion awakenmurder of Claude Wheeler, an account of which was published in minutes after the killing; I stayed the neck; he was telling a fellow cating the stock law, and what to pay the last tribute of respect send him, or her. Let each school murder of Claude Wheeler, an ac- ked past me; that was about thirty one of them said he was shot in ing to their best interest in advo-

hibited here August 3. They were I could identify the cow-boy that down there about half an hour be- does today, but I will say that he three of a company of fifteen or passed back; they passed me wal- fore the shooting took place; I will materially improve the quality twenty cow-boys, or rough ridess, king rapidly, going down the rail- saw some cow-boys going towards of the stock, which will insure and were with the show on the road; could not say how far they crowd; it was about three-quarters to everybody concerned, to say Jimmie Terrell, a fifteen year old the cartridges; he was speaking to curred; they came back to the de- would be in labor and material and boy, was also arrested and brought about 25 persons; I do not remem- pot; it had not been over five mi- the disgraceful appearance of of the county, and had many here, charged with the same of-fense, but was released without the crowd. He had on a black going to jail. The examining trial coat and carried a cane; he got out er end. I could not tell how ma- useless expense in the majority of was held Friday and Saturday be- of the light to issue the ammuni- ny were in the shooting or how cases. Should my farmer friends fore Judge Rochester. A large cation; I could not identify the many shots were fired; I did not travel through their neighbor number of witnesses were brought man and do not know whether he hear any licks struck; I was at the states they could not help to note up by the prosecution, some of was connected with the shooting killed Claud Wheeler sounded like did appearance of the country

Cross-Examined.

men (the prisoners) are the ones not know who were shooting them stead that will benefit us and imwho did the shooting; the first and do not know whether they prove our land. time I saw them they were walk- were cow-boys or not. ing south toward the show ground Ed. Doss' Testimony-I work -I mean north-they were going in the telegraph office at the depot. I was in the office when the it was about thirty minutes before being the ones whe were there that trouble came up. The first shot the shooting occurred. I do not night. They had on broad brim-

was down at the show ground. I hair and a goatee and mustache; I be attacked." Then I got back saw a number of fellows, eight or could not tell how far it is from be attacked." Then I got back into the office and lay down on the floor. I heard seven or eight going towards the fair grounds and show ground and coming back. were walking rapidly, and they and they seemed to be rushing toward the depot; I saw pistols; the ward the depot; I saw pistols; the man had on a cowboy hat: I could be rushing toward the depot; I saw pistols; the man had on; I could be rushing toward the depot; I saw pistols; the man had on; I could be rushing toward the depot; I saw pistols; the man had on; I could be rushing toward the depot; I saw pistols; the man had on; I could be rushing toward the depot; I saw pistols; the man had on; I could be rushing toward the depot; I saw pistols; the man had on; I could be rushing toward the depot; I saw pistols; the man had on; I could be rushing toward the depot; I saw pistols; the man had on; I could be rushing toward the depot; I saw pistols; the man had on; I could be rushing toward the depot; I saw pistols; the man had on; I could be rushing toward the depot; I saw pistols; the man had on; I could be rushing toward the depot; I saw pistols; the man had on; I could be rushing toward the depot; I saw pistols; the man had on; I could be rushing toward the depot; I saw pistols; the man had on; I could be rushing toward the depot; I saw pistols; the man had on; I could be rushing toward the depot; I saw pistols; the man had on; I could be rushing toward the depot; I saw pistols; the man had on; I could be rushing toward the depot; I saw pistols; the man had on; I could be rushing toward the depot; I saw pistols; the man had on; I could be rushing toward the depot; I saw pistols; the man had on; I could be rushing toward the depot; I saw pistols; the rushing toward the depot; I saw pistols; the man had on; I could be rushing toward the depot; I saw pistols; the man had on; I could be rushing toward the depot; I saw pistols; the man had on; I could be rushing toward the depot; I saw pistols; the man had on; I could be rushing toward the man had on; I could be rushing toward the man had on; I could be rushing toward the man had on; I could be rushing toward the man had on; I could be rushing toward the man had on; I hear the rattling of spurs. It was not identify him; I could not tell after the show that I saw them how many were shooting but could passing the mill. was in bed asleep on the night of the killing; the ones who came to satisfaction. J. J. Thomas. passing the mill.

Jim Wilborn's Testimony-I eight minutes father came down walking fast and my attention was to the depot, came into the office first called to them by the rattling and said that they had killed Claud of spurs; they were gone a quarter He went out where the cow-boys of an hour; I could not say how charged with murder. I live in were and when I got out there he many there were but there were Paducah; I do not sleep with was gone. Yes, I saw the cow- two Indians and the others were these men; these men (the prisboy's pistol and heard one fellow cow-boys; I saw them going back oners) were at the show. It must have been ten min- ting at. There must have been ther the sheriff turned me over to utes after the killing. The killing occurred on the night of Aug. 3d. there were more afterwards. It in jail; I was permitted to go home must have been about fifteen feet after I got here. must have been about fifteen feet after I got here. from the platform. They were The man who was shot had long hair.

Yes, I saw Claud before the shooting; he was in Taylor's sashooting; Light to date the depot when the depot loon; I saw him at the depot ten before the shooting; I don't know the witness pointed out the one he minutes later; I could not tell how many licks were given. I next identified as being in the crowd). what his condition was, though I saw Claud Wheeler near Mr. Robthink he was drinking some but inson's I could not tell who fired think he was drinking some, but inson's. I could not tell who fired these men walked down the road; trustworthy, enterprising and enthe first shot; the first shot soun- I asked, "What is the matter with

them; I could not say there were to be drinking. I have not seen anybody else, they looked like the pistol since Claud was killed.

Cross-Examination.

I could not tell whether they Mr. Robinson's. were blank cartridges or not that were fired in the show.

I would take the crowd to be Mr. Burch's Testimony—I live about six as they passed the depot going south; it was before Claud Wheeler was killed; he came up depot on the night Claud Wheeler to Jim McCormick and said: was killed; I saw the shooting; I "These cow-boys ought to be pun-substantially in last week's Press. could not say who was shot; could not tell how many were taking part in the shooting; there were severin the shooting; there were sever- coaxed him to leave; I believed he al there who had on white hats; I was armed; I do not remember did not see Claud Wheeler and did hearing him say he was going to Some Expressions as to Enacthave cow-boy blood.

Thomas Morgan's Testimony-I were three or four down at the oth- no earthly benefit, but instead a the ones I heard in the show; I where the stock law is in force and did not hear any threats, I did not why not profit by their example No, sir, I could not say these see any Indians about the wagon; and remove all unnecessary fenc-I saw the flash of a pistol, but do ing and raise something in its

Cross-Examination

the parties who took part in the per that I am opposed to the stock shooting. I heard one man say, the majority of the farmers of M. M. Chandler's Testimony—I "I am shot in the neck—in the did not see Claud Wheeler, as I back of the neck": he had long of it.

> Jimmie Terrill's Testimony-I me were Kenny McDowell, Dan McKenny, Smith and Stone.

Cross-Examination.

Yes, sir, they had me arrested

Re-Direct Examination.

The lawyers talked to me on the

Dr. Joe Clark's Testimonywho fired the shot had long hair but could not tell whether they back one of them—the one sitting of our people. there in the middle—said: know the G— d— s— b—, we will settle with him tonight." They were all cow-boys and had on belts

was just crossing the track from get my pistol." He did not seem I have been practicing medicine five years. Claud could not have walked from where he was shot to

The testimony of Dave Morgan, Geo. Bettis, Will Ward. Dick Spurr and S. C. Stevens threw but little additional light on the killing; while that of A. J. Sweat,

THE STOCK LAW.

ing it in This County.

Sincerely yours, W. R. Cruce.

Opposed the Stock Law.

ED. PRESS: I desire to state through the columns of your pa- Thursday. Hurricane precinct being in favor

I have talked to four farmers of Illinois concerning the law, and three of them are opposed to it. It is a State law there and does not a stock law in Marion and I ob-

Favors The Law.

in town Saturday, and requested us to annouce that he is in favor cane is in favor of the law.

An Appreciated Gift.

receipt of a sack of "White Swan" that finer flour was never made consummated. anywhere by any mill. The biscuit are whiter, the cake more de- able building location in Marion, licious, the bread is more palatable and Dr. Clark is not willing to part since receiving this greatly appre-ciated gift than before. This sell one or all of them at a reasbrand of flour is a great credit to onable price. the Mills and a testimony to the good management; the skill, the thorough understanding of every firing very rapidly but I could not was not at the depot when the point of the business, that the identified as being in the crowd). they cannot exceed in number or I could not tell whether the man ded like the ones fired in the show those fellows?" As they came excellent product within the reach farces, "Per Telephone," "The

Farm for Sale.

They were doing a good deal of from Marion, 2 from Repton; fair evening could not be spent. talking; he had a sandy mustache; improvements, good barn. Will it was just after the show, and Claud had just left there; he had my pistol; let Claud have it that and 1-3 interest in the growing corn my pistol; let Claud have it that

EICHT DEATHS.

The Death Angel Visits The Old And Young Alike.

Mrs. Seldon Ainsworh died very suddently of heart failure, at her home in the Hebron neighbor-Catharine Blue, Gus Summerville hood, last Monday. She arose and Curg Travis was published early that morning cooked breakfast, and was preparing dinner when the death summons came, and she passed peacefully away. She was an estimable christian lady, and leaves a husband and three children, and numerous relatives and friends to mourn her ply with the ordinance, published

> Mr. Washington Johnson, an honored citizen, died at his home in the Crooked creek neighborof this county for fifty years.

Mr. Rufe Threlkeld, of the New Salem neighborhood, died last Monday, after an illness of three weeks. He was 30 years old and had been a resident of New Salem since childhood. He was a member of one of the leading families friends. The deceased leaves a wife and one child.

his home in the Levias neighborof this county for many years.

A daughter of Mr. Thos, Lynn, of near Crittenden Springs, died last Thursday of brain fever.

A little six year old son of Mr. Willis', residing near Crittenden Springs, died Thursday.

An infant of B. F. Tucker died at their home in this city last

"Aunt" Mahala Wilson, colored, died Sunday. She was 88 years 5

THE CLARK AUCTION

Attended by a Large Crowd, but No Sale was Effected.

A large crowd attended Dr. J. R. Clark's auction sale of building lots in East Marion last Friday. The lots were all bid off, but as Foster Threlkeld, of Tolu, was they did not bring as much as the owner thought they were worth he refused to confirm the sale. The off the stock law, and that Hurri- same is true as to the roller mill and planing mill. The lots were then offered for sale in a body and were knocked down to Mr. J. H. Morse. But this sale was also re-The editor of the Press is in jected by Dr. Clark. Mr. Morse was also the highest and best bidflour manufactured by the City der for a one-half interest in the Mills of this place. We must say roller mills but the trade was not

These lots are in the most desir-

Entertainment.

may be our thanks for the gift, engaged to give a recital, assisted Bashful Man," and "The Rural Editor," all new farces, each sparkling with fun and comical situations. Every part has been well 135 acres, 90 cleared, 4 miles rehearsed, and a more delightful

Protracted Meeting.

Rev. Jas. F. Price, of this place night; I had been in the country and Claud came to me and said he wanted my pistol. I said, "If you are in any trouble you can not wanted my pistol. I said, "If you are in any trouble you can not wanted my pistol. I said, "If you are in any trouble you can not wanted my pistol. I said, "If you are in any trouble you can not wanted my pistol. I said, "If you are in any trouble you can not wanted making the completed by Said Hurst, will conduct the singing.

Council Proceedings.

The City Council held its monthy meeting Tuesday night. The following claims were al-

owea:		
R. C. Walker, prin	\$4.90	
K. E. Cannan, stre	2.50	
Richie Pickens "	"	9.00
W. P. Loyd "	"	9.50
John Cochran "	"	9.00
Curg Travis "	"	2.60
Will Clark, Dept.	Marshall	1.50
R. M. Wilborn "	"	1.50
E. C. Miles "	"	1.00
A. S. Hard, Jail cl	laim	7.60
Summerville& Len		187.4

The committee on health and sanitary requested the city attorney to see that the citizens comn another column.

Notice to Sunday Schools.

You must be sure that you have etery Sunday evening, and a large der to do this you must elect some the Press last week. These men down there until after the show were connected with Buckskin train pulled out.

These men down there until after the show were three or four cow-boys stand-ly help the other. The stock law years old and had been a resident Sunday School work, and let your years old and had been a resident Sunday School work, and let your representative use enough of this to pay a part of his or her expenses to and from convention.

Yours in the work, R. M. Franks, Co. Pres.

Notice.

TO THE TAXPAYERS OF CRITTEN-DEN COUNTY:

I have my tax books for 1900. Mr. Abraham Millican died at will take pleasure in receipting you for same. You that owe me for 1898 and 1899, I have waited hood last Saturday, Aug. 11, and for 1898 and 1899, I have waited was buried at the Pleasant Grove on you for a long time; will send cemetry Sunday. He was in his a man to see each of you for the 70th year and had been a resident tax, if not paid will levy; so get ready and save cost. I must col-He was an honest, upright gentle- lect so as to meet claims that are against me.

John T. Pickens, S. C. C.

Serdines **Baked Beans** Salmon Canned Ham

10c Coffee from 121/2 to 30c per pound. 10 bars good soap for 25c

5c

10c

10c

6 bars best soap for 25c

MASONS FRUIT Pints 60 cts per doz.

Quts 70 Half Gallon 80 Tin Quart Cans 50 cts. Water Buckets 15c Good Wash boards from

15c to 35cts.

We handle nothing but good and first class goods. Everything you buy from us is guaranteed to be first class.

We sell everything in the grocery line as cheap or cheaper than any house in town. Look at our tin ware, glassware, stoneware, woodenware and get prices before you buy.

We are here to sell you anything in our line at a bargain. Don't fail to see us. We still handle all the

remedies: Hog Cholera Medicine, Horse and Cattle Powders, Poultry Food and Louse Bring us your Produce,

Eggs, Butter and Chickens.



	AU			-19		
Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat
****	••••	••••	1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

All the News of the Past Seven succeed Gen. Joe Wheeler. Days Condensed.

HOME AND FOREIGN ITEMS Sioux Falls, S. D.

News of the Industrial Field, Personal and Political Items, Happenings at Home and Abroad.

THE NEWS FROM ALL THE WORLD

DOMESTIC.

The transport Logan arrived at San Francisco crowded with refugees from

Andrew White, ambassador to Germany, says Germany and Russia are likely to unite in a war against China. In a railway wreck at Aurich, Ark.,

fatally injured. The visible supply of grain in the United States on the 6th was: Wheat, 47,594,000 bushels; corn, 12,320,000 bushels; oats, 5,585,060 bushels; rye, 620,000 bushels; barley, 392,000 bush-

Gov. Gen. Wood decided to recognize either civil of ecclesiastical marriages in Cuba.

N. E. Backenstoss reached Seattle on a bicycle, having made the trip from New York in 81 days. The city of Buffalo, N. Y., has a

years of 96,655. The government asked Chicago pack-

ers to submit bids on an order for Williams for congress in the Third disican armies in the orient. Four ocean liners started from New

the Atlantic.

The large floating dry dock bought at Havana from the Spanish government will be located at Pensacola.

A cyclone which swept over Burlingand several hundred thousand dollars' gress. damage to property.

of 82 miles an hour and broke all rec- in La Crosse, Wis. ords between Philadelphia and Balti-

The intense heat caused nine deaths and many prostrations in Chicago. Gov. Tanner has suspended the Illi-

nois cattle quarantine law until legality is adjudicated. A summary of the condition of all

the national banks in the United States at the close of business June 29, 1900, shows the aggregate assets to be \$4,944,956,623, the highest ever reached in the history of the national

John Grouix, an aeronaut, was killed at Ottawa Beach, Mich., by falling 1,200

In Cincinnati John W. Jolly shot and killed his sister-in-law, Emma Kleekamp, and then killed his wife. Domestic trouble was the cause.

A passenger train on the Monon road collided with a freight engine at South Raub, Ind., and three persons were killed and several injured, one fa-

Dynamiters have begun again to place explosives on the tracks of the St. Louis Transit company.

Estimates on the wheat crop of Minnesota and the Dakotas show a yield of less than half that of 1899.

The census bureau gave the population of Providence, R. I., at 175,000, a gain of 43,451 since 1890. William Bateman Leeds gave his

bride in Cleveland, O., presents to the value of over \$500,000.

The gross postal receipts at 50 of the largest post offices for the month of July aggregates \$3,338,683, a net increase of \$253,392 over July, 1899.

There is promise of a larger number of visitors at the Yellowstone park this season than in any previous year. The fire losses in the United States

and Canada in the first seven months of this year amount to \$116,908,000, against \$77,126,150 in the same time in

The federal census shows Chicago's population approximately 1,697,000; estimated increase, 54 per cent. The Third battalion at Fort Sheri-

dan, Ill., has been ordered rushed to of war. The Chinese are also warned San Francisco, to embark there for China.

Hawaii has closed its last school for teaching the native language. After a family quarrel Charles Da-

bor, 65 years old, shot and killed his wife and himself in Chicago. W. T. Turner and wife jumped from a rapidly moving train near Anniston,

Ala., and were killed. A fire which started from a spark in the lumber yard of the Polska Industrial company at Crivitz, Wis., caused a

Admiral Dewey says war is on hetween the United States and China.

Mrs. Mary E. Scales, recently out of in asylum, killed her two-year-old daughter and herself with poison at Creston, Ia.

At Beaver Falls, Pa., fire destroyed the works of the Shelby Steel Tube company, the loss being \$300,000.

Thus far 31 persons have died in Chicago from the heat and in one day 93 horses fell dead in the streets. Junius W. Cobb, of Cleveland, O., was enjoined from making love to

Miss Agnes C. Smith by Judge Dis-The name, building and other preperty of the Harper Brothers were sold at auction in New York for \$1,100,000.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Mrs. Carrie H. Walker, supreme commander of the Ladies of the Maccabees, died at her home in Detroit,

William J. Samford was elected govrnor by Alabama democrats. William Clark, president of the celebrated thread manufacturing concern in Westerly, R. I., died suddenly.

William Richardson has been nomi nated for congress by the democrats in the Eighth district of Alabama to Charles A. Towne has declined the

nomination for vice president made by the populist national convention at Union republicans in Delaware have

nominated George W. Marshall, of Kent, for governor. The date of the Colorado democratic

convention has been changed from September 12 to September 10. William J. Bryan and Adlai E. Stevenson were notified at Indianapolis of their nomination by the democratic party for president and vice president. In his speech Mr. Bryan said that im-

the campaign. The democrats of the Ninth Illinois district nominated H. A. Brooks, of Dixon, for congress.

perialism was the paramount issue of

Dr. Cyrus Hamlin, founder of Roberts college in Constantinople, died at Portland, Me., aged 89 years. He was one five persons were killed and two others of the most celebrated of Turkish mis-

Robert M. La Follette was nominated for governor by the Wisconsin republicans by acclamation. The rest of the state ticket was chosen in a similar manner.

Judge V. V. Barnes was officially notified of his nomination by the prohibition party for governor of Illinois. John G. Wooley and Henry B. Met-

calf, respectively the candidates for president and vice president on the prohibition ticket, will travel across population of 352,219, a gain in ten the United States and back on a special prohibition train. Michigan democrats nominated Z. D.

1,000,000 pounds of meat for the Amer. trict, W. P. McKnight in the Fifth and G. D. Jackson in the Tenth. Henry Hoffman, aged 105 years, 2

York to win a mail contract race across | months and 2 days, died at East Butler, Pa. He was never sick a day in his life, never took any medicine, and never used tobacco or liquors.

The democrats of the Fifth district of Wisconsin nominated Charles H. ton, Vt., and vicinity caused two deaths Weise, of Sheboygan Falls, for con-

Mrs. Phoebe Moulton celebrated her A cigar-shaped train attained a speed one hundredth birthday at her home

FOREIGN. The allies, 16,000 strong, fought the Chinese at Peitsang, forcing the latter to retreat; allies loss, 1,200, mostly Russians and Japanese; Chinese loss, much heavier. Li Hung Chang says the Michael and Bernstein escaped injury. foreign ministers have left Peking for Tientsin under escort and that the reb. ON STORMY LAKE MICHIGAN. els have started to intercept them. Demand for communication with Minister Conger, which is virtually an ultimatum, has been sent to China by the United States.

Another message from Minister Conorder to escort the ministers to Tient- wind throughout the night. sin. The next engagement between pected at Yang-Tsun, where the enemy is reported to be in large force.

Gen. MacArthur for the surrender of the insurgent forces in central Luzon. The Russians who have been fighting

killed 3,000 Chinese. The congress of Peru has declared and the boat. full amnesty for all political offenders. Lord Roberts notified the war office of the capture of Harrismith. Kru- hours, and was in the end compelled

ger was said to be seeking terms of to put back to Holland, Mich., after surrender. government that its members would but mutined before the captain would be held personally responsible if the return.

members of the foreign legations or other foreigners at Peking suffer in-

William Liebknecht, the noted lead er of socialism in Germany, died in Charlottenburg, aged 74 years.

War with China is deemed likely un less the imperial government change front. Minister Wu has been notified by the president that the imperial troops are expected to cooperate with the allies in protecting ministers and failure will be regarded as a declaration that they will be held responsible for indignities to Minister Conger. Gen. Chaffee reports that the Americans were not in the firing line and lost no men in the battle at Peitsang. Field Marshal Count Von Waldersee, a German, has been appointed commander of the allied armies in China.

An explosion in a factory at Azuma Yama, Japan, killed 80 persons. London financiers are dazed by the

haste with which American capitalists seized upon the British war loan. Lord Roberts reported that he feared the Boers had captured the Elanis

river garris 'n.

company and the Boston Electroduct | Havoc Wrought by Wind and Lightning in the Vicinity of New York City.

TWAS BREAKING UP OF THE HOT WAVE.

There Were Numerous Fatalities and a Large Amount of Damage was Done on Long Island and at Various Points Along the Coast of New Jersey.

New York, Aug. 13.-Latest reports threatened with destruction by the of the big electrical storm which passed over this section, Sunday show that the havoc wrought by the light ning and wind was unusually severe. Lightning struck the Gilsey house, split one of the flagpoles and shook the hotel to its very foundation. The great gilt ball and a 12foot piece of the pole fell into Twenty-ninth street. Another section of the pole struck the street on the Broadway side. It weighed more than 300 pounds.

A Bievelist Killed. E. Benner, a bicyclist, was instantly killed by a bolt of lightning during the storm while standing in the doorway of Benjamin Bros.' bathing pavilion on the shore of Great South Bay, near Bay Shore, Long Island.

Thomas Dunn,16-year-old,was killed by lightning as he stood beneath a giant oak tree, where he had sought shelter from the storm, near Jamaica, Long Island.

Church Roof Torn Off.

In Jersey City the gale tore off 40 feet of the roof of St. Paul's German Evangelical Lutheran church and knocked down part of the rear wall.

A trolley car of the North Jersey Street Railway Co. was struck by lightning in Orange, N. J., and the car was enveloped in flames. In the rush to escape five persons were injured, two of them seriously. Mary Lombard, six-year-old, of Orange, sustained severe scalp wounds and injuries about the body. Mrs. Kohler, of Newark, was wounded about the head and injured internally.

At Bloomfield, N. J., a circus tent was blown down.

Lightning Fired an Oil Tank. At Elizabeth, lightning struck a tank of oil in the yards on Front street, and a big blaze resulted.

At Hackensack, N. J., the wind stripped limbs from trees. A score of rees were hit by lightning and torn o pieces.

Uprooted trees mark the course of the storm in Hoboken. About 200 yards of the fence inclosing St. George's cricket grounds was also blown down and the gospel tent in a vacant lot was ripped into shrees and thrown across the street.

Pugilists' Quarters Struck.

The training quarters of Joe Bernstein, the pugilist, were struck by lightning, and Mrs. Bernstein was knocked unconscious by the bolt, and did not recover her senses for more than twenty minutes. When the lightning struck the house, Bernstein and Jimmy Michael, the cyclist, were punching the bag in a room adjoining that in which was Mrs. Bernstein. The punching apparatus was ruined by the lightning, but both

Exciting Experiences on Board Steamers During Sunday Night's Storm on Lake Michigan.

Chicago, Aug. 13 .- Exciting experiger shows the situation in Peking is ences during a storm on Lake Michimore alarming. Envoys have been gan, Sunday night, were reported by urged to leave, but refuse, and imperial passengers who, having started to troops are constantly firing on the le- cross from South Haven, Mich., were gations. Li Hung Chang says the allies either compelled to return to the Michwill not be allowed to enter Peking in igan side, or to fight the waves and

The steamer Darius Cole, carrying the allied forces and the Chinese is ex- 2,000 seasick people, due here Sunday night, reached port at daybreak. She had been driven 25 miles out of her Filipinos were negotiating with course by storm, and the captain had land in the Missouri river, has decidmuch trouble in quieting the panicstricken passengers, who clamored to mitting their entry for all land withbe landed on the shore anywhere, so around Tsai-Chow, are reported to have as to escape the watery grave which of the islands. The land is expected

The steamer A. B. Taylor, with 20 passengers, battled with the waves for having lost a life boat in the storm. Great Britain informed the Chinese It is declared that the passengers all

HALF MILLION LOSS BY FIRE.

Burning of the Dakota Elevator, at Buffalo, N. Y., and 500,000 Bushels of Grain.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 13.-The Dakota elevator was burned here, entailing a loss approximating \$500,000. The fire started in the machinery loft, and within 15 minutes the cupola was a mass of flames working its way downward through the machinery room to the bins in which were stored 500,000 bushels of grain.

Spontaneous combustion is believed to have been the cause of the fire, as the elevator was shut down Saturday, and was not operated Sunday. The elevator was used by the Lehign Valley railroad.

Filipino Command Yields. Washington, Aug. 13.-Gen. MacAr-

thur cabled, Sunday, that Col. Grassa. in the vicinity of Tayug, has surrendered his command to Col. Freeman. Twenty-fourth infantry, consisting of one major, six captains, six lieutenants, 169 men, 100 rifles and 50 bolos arriving.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

Sid Whittico shot his sister-in-law Maggie Drennan, at Berry station, Ill

The Central Trades and Labor union of St. Louis declared not to revoke the boycott against the Transit company. Services in honor of the dead King Humbert of Italy were held at the Italian Catholic church, St. Louis. St. Louis city records show that

there have been fewer heat prostrations this summer in St. Louis than in any of the other large cities. William J. Bryan attended the Bap-

tist church in Chicago Sunday. He will remain in that city several days before departing for Lincoln. Heavy showers in central Illinois have saved the corn crop, which was

hot, dry weather. Two powder mills of the Lafflin-Rand Powder Co. at Pompton Plains, N. J., blew up late Saturday night, Twelve men had left only a few min-

utes before. Twenty warships, representing the powers of the world, are concentrated at Shanghai, and more are proceeding to that point.

A movement is an foot among many influential citizens of Chicago to insist on having a new federal census made, on the ground that the recent count was inaccurate.

At a picnic of the United Order of Meat Workers of East St. Louis, Ill., held at Okawville, Sunday, a prize of \$50, offered for a beef skinning match, was won by Thomas Mansfield, of St. Louis, who accomplished the feat in three minutes. The planing mills of A. G. Aiken and

Levi N. Whitcomb, at Little Rock, Ark., and several adjoining dwellings, were destroyed by fire Sunday morning, entailing a loss of \$16,000. A disastrous fire at Greenville, Tenn.,

destroyed several buildings, and the Grand Central and Mason hotels narrowly escaped destruction. The loss was about \$50,000. The unprecedented rainfall of the past 30 days, in Texas, has not yet

abated. The earth is thoroughly sat-A negro boy, John Lewis, was handling a 22-caliber target gun at Metropolis, Ill., when it was accidentally discharged, the ball striking him squarely in the forehead and flatten-

The strike on the East St. Louis (Ill.) electric railway has been declared off, and the boycott against the company, which has existed since the strike began, is raised

Tower Hill, Ill., burned, its contents. The family were absent at the time, and it is supposed that the fire was of incendiary origin.

A train bearing many notable persons who had been attending the recent ceremonies at Rome, Italy, collided with another a few miles outside the city. Six persons were killed outright and several others fatally in-

The ninety-nin policemen of Camden, N. J., are at liberty to appear without coat or vest while on duty, provided they are attired in new shirt waists.

The Chinese foreign office has complained to the powers that the ministers are tardy in taking advantage of its offer to conduct them safely out of Pekin. It declares it will no longer be responsible for their safety.

Fire at Glens Falls, N. Y., caused a loss of more than \$100,000. Among the buildings destroyed or damaged were the Glens Falls electric and gas plant, the collar, cuff and shirt factories of A. S. Rugge, the establishment of D. L. Robertson & Co., the Park hotel, Central house and McGregor Park

music hall.

IN FAVOR OF MENSING HEIRS. Decision by Commissioner Hermann of the General Land Office in

Washington, Aug. 13 .- Commission-

an Old Case.

er Hermann, of the general land office. in the homestead entry contest of John H. Mensing, for valuable land now within the corporate limits of Kansas City, Mo., but formerly an ised in favor of the Mensing heirs, perin the old meander boundary lines may of them believed awaited them to be re-lotted for this purpose. The remainder of the island, as it now exists, consisting of the accretions, will be re-offered for public entry. The land has an appraised value of \$1,000 an acre, and 131 acres were in dispute. The former island is not shown in the plats of a survey made of the land on the Missouri side of the river in 1829, but a survey made thirty years later showed the island to consist of almost 52 acres. The island was for nine years a military reservation, and was turned over to the interior department in 1894. In 1895 it was discovered that the island, as such, existed no longer, but, by accretion, had been considerably enlarged and attached to the main land. Mensing settled on and cultivated the is land in 1858, and for years has sought to secure the island as a bona fide actual settler under the general land

An Army of Workingmen.

Berlin, Aug. 13 .- A whole army of workingmen, not less than 150,000. many of them carrying red carnations in their buttonholes, on Sunday, followed the simple bier which carried the remains of the late socialistic leader and deputy, Wilhelm Liebknecht, to its last resting place.

Anti-Imperialists Gathering. Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 13.-A numtwo anti-imperialist conventions which are to meet here this week, are

About Sixty Cases in the City at Present, Four of Them Being Americans.

NEW ARRIVALS PRINCIPAL SUFFERERS.

The Cases Principally Confined to the New City, and Men of the Sanitary and Street Cleaning Department are Actively at Work in the Infected District.

New York, Aug. 13.—A dispatch to the Herald from Havana says:

August opened with 35 cases of yellow fever in Havana. There are 59 cases in the city now, four of the victims being Americans. Thirty Deaths in July.

There were 30 deaths from the fever during July. Up to Sunday the number of deaths this month was 11. Yellow fever cases this year have been principally confined to the locality just west of Central park, known as the new city. Scarcely any cases have appeared in what has heretofore been known as the "Yellow belt," in the vicinity of the arsenal and the wharves

How It is Accounted For.

This is accounted for by some ob servers by the fact that a great amount of sanitary work was done in the old part of the city last year, and eelctrical disinfectants have been con-

tinually used there. Confidence is expressed by the authorities that there will be no general fever epidemic, as immunes are widely scattered. The condition is regarded as nominal, compared with other years, when immigration reached the present figures.

Largely Confined to Newcomers. The cases are largely confined to paniards and Canary islanders, many of whom have come to Havana in the

last six months. It is expected the cases will average one a day during August. This is usually the worst month for yellow

fever. Work in the Infected District. Men of the sanitary and street cleaning departments are actively at work in the infected district. Col. Black has ordered the electrozone plant runnight and day. All suspected cases are sent immediately to hospitals. Marine hos-The residence owned by G. Leigh, at pital service officials insist that all baggage for the United States shall be disinfected. Usually this is re-

quired only for baggage going to southern states. No yellow fever cases are reported

THE CASE OF C. F. W. NEELEY.

among the American soldiers.

Judge Lacombe Refuses to Sign the Writ of Extradition in View of Judge Wallace's Action. New York, Aug. 13 .- Judge La-Combe, of the United States circuit court, refused to sign the writ of ex-

tradition for Charles F. W. Neely on account of the action of Jude Wallace in granting an appeal to the supreme court in the habeas corpus proceedings, but indicated that he did not think Judge Wallace understood the real situation of the case, and he believed if it went to the supreme court in its present shape the application for a writ of habeas corpus would

be denied. A citation in the Neely case, signed by Judge Wm. J. Wallace, was filed in the clerk's office of the United

States circuit court. The citation calls upon Henry L. Burnett, United States district attorney, and Wm. A. Henkel, United States marshal, to appear before the supreme court of the United States in Washington, on September 7, next, pursuand to a citation of appeal wherein Charles F. W. Neeley is the appellant, and Marshal Kenkel, the appellee, to show cause why the final order of the circuit court to said petition of appeal should not be corrected, and speedy justice should not be done in their be

WHOLESALE SMUGGLING. Canadian Goods Finding Their Way Into American Territory Duty Free.

Victoria, B. C., Aug. 13 .- W. C. Marburg, a trader on the Yukon, tells a story of wholesale smuggling of Canadian goods from Dawson into Ameri-

can territory. He says: "There is not a single instance that encountered on my trip of 950 miles down the Yukon meeting more than forty scrows and boats belonging to traders where anyone had been called

upon to pay duty." ARRIVED AT HOO-PI WU.

Gen. Chaffee Now Half Way Between Tien Tsin and the Chinese Capital.

Washington, Aug. 13.-A dispatch has been received at the war department from Gen. Chaffee, dated August 10, which says: "Arrived at Hoo-Pi Wu yesterday." This place, which is spelled Ho-Si-

about half way between Tien Tsin and The Sixth Week Begun.

Wu, on the war department maps, is

Georgetown, Ky., Aug. 13.—The sixth week of Powers trial began with a number of witnesses for the prosecution in rebuttal remaining to be ber of delegates and visitors to the examined. If the testimony is completed early enough the jury will be taken to Frankfort on a special train to inspect the capitol grounds.

Passing of the Horse.

So soon as nature sees an improvement there is a change. The candle gave way to electricity. The spinning wheel to machinery, the horse to the automobile. The fact that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has been sold for over half a century, proves its value. There is nothing to equal it for stomach or liver trouble. It is Nature's own remedy, and the only one to cure dyspensis or weak and the only one to cure dyspepsia or weak

Pale Weak Women

Beauty and strength in women vanish early in life because of monthly pain or some menstrual irregularity. Many suffer silently and see their best gifts fade away.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

helps women preserve roundness of form and freshness of face because it makes their entire female organism healthy. It carries wo-men safely through the various natural orises and is the safeguard of woman's health.

The truth about this great medicine is told in the letters from women being published in this paper constantly.

SECURITY.

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Genuine

Must Bear Signature of

Very small and as casy to take as sugar. CARTER'S FOR HEADACHE. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION.

Price Purely Vegetable. CURE SICK HEADACHE.

FOR SALLOW SKIN.

FOR THE COMPLEXION

The Extract of Benne Plant

Is Nature's Own Remedy First used by the Mississippi river steamboat men in the "early forties," who drank their "Benne Tedd" from the hands of the colored "aunties." They steeped the leaves in hot water, and the verdict of these steamboat men was that it "did the busi-

In 1841, James and Constance Maguire secured some of these miraculous leaves, and, upon investigation, discovered that they are identical with the Sesam. Ind. (Benne-Leaves), and, as the same indi-cates, native of India, containing a muci-laginous substance of soothing and healing laginous substance of soothing and healing proporties. Nature here furnished a remedy for diseases such as Colic, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhoea, Dysentery and kindred ailments. After experimenting, the Messrs. Maguire succeeded in chemically combining the use of the Benne-leaves with other vegetable substances, and so furnished a remedy that has saved thous sands of lives.

sands of lives. Prepared by THE J. & C. MAGUIRE MEDICINE CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.

UNITED STATES WILLING.

Ready to Negotiate, Through Li Hung Chang for Restoration of Peaceful Relations.

CHINA MUST MEET CERTAIN CONDITIONS.

A Sufficient Body of the Relief Force Must be Permitted to Enter Pekin, Unmulested, to Escort the Foreign Ministers and Residents Eack to Tien Tsin.

Washington, Aug. 13 .- The department of state has made public the reply of the United States government to Minister Wu's communication, delivered Sunday morning, notifying the department of the appointment of Earl Li Hung Chang as envoy plenipotentiary to negotiate with the powers. This reply was sent to Minister Wu at five o'clock Sunday afterpoon and is as follows:

"Touching the imperial edict of August 8th, appointing Li Hung Chang of the Philippines. At night there was envoy plenipotentiary to conduct negotiations, on the part of China, with the powers, and the request for a cessation of hostilities, pending negotiations, presented to Mr. Adee by Minister Wu on the 12th of August, 1900.

"The government of the United States learned with satisfaction of the appointment of Earl Li Hung as envoy plenipotentiary to conduct negotiations with the powers and will, on its part, enter upon such negotiations with a desire to continue the friendly relations so long existing between the two countries.

A Self-Evident Proposition. "It is evident that there can be no general negotiation between China and the powers so long as the ministers of the powers and the persons under their protection remain in their present position of restraint and danger, and that the powers can not cease their efforts for the delivery of those representatives to which they are constrained by the highest consideration of national honor, except under an arrangement adequate to accomplish a peaceable deliverance. A Condition Precedent.

"We are ready to enter into an agreement between the powers and the Chinese government for a cessation of hostile demonstrations on condition that a sufficient body of the forces composing the relief expedition shall be permitted to enter Pekin unmolested and to escort the foreign ministers and residents back to Tien Tsin, this movement being provided for and secured by such arrangements and dispositions of troops as shall be considered satisfactory by the generals commanding the forces composing the relief expedition.

"ALVEY A. ADEE, "Acting Secretary. "Department of State, Washington,

The Reply Forwarded. The text of this reply to the overtures communicated by Minister Wu | ing.

was telegraphed Sunday night to the representatives of the United States for communication to the governments of the powers co-operating in the relief movement.

THREE DAYS AT YANG TSUN.

The Allies Believed to Have Resumed the Advance to Pekin.

London, Aug. 13.-As the allies were to rest three days at Yang Tsun, it is supposed that a further advance was begun August 10, but no word has come through from Yang Tsun since August 8, on which date the Japanese commander, in a message to Tokio, said 20,000 Chinese were confronting the allies. The Japanese losses at Peit-Sang, August 6, were 300 killed and wounded. The Chinese left 200 dead on the field.

The object of Chinese diplomacy, as appears from the great efforts being made in London and at the continental capitals, is to induce the powers to suspend the march of the relief expedition; but it has been without success in the case of any government. An explanation as to why some of the Pekin cipher messages are dated Tsi Nan is made by the Great Northern Telegraph Co., which points out that it has a regular courier service between Pekin and Tsi Nan, and that the wires are working from the latter place.

COLORADO FOREST FIRES.

Extensive Fires in the Forest Reserves of Colorado Caused by Careless Campers.

Glenwood Springs, Col., Aug. 13 .-For a hundred miles in each direction from Glenwood fires can be seen. So numerous are the fires in the forest reserves that the chief of the supervisors, W. T. S. May, of Denver, has caused to be posted, by the forest rangers, notices that hereafter no persons will be allowed on the government reserve near the White river or the Battlement mesa without being provided with a stove of some

kind for cooking purposes. The rangers state emphatically that the numerous fires in the forest reserves have been caused by the careless handling of camp fires.

Fourth Zionist Congress. London, Aug. 13 .- The fourth Zion-1st congress was opened with 500 delegates present. After organizing, Prof. Max Nordau, reviewing the situation, gave an appalling account of persecution in Roumania, and paid a many for his attitude toward the

A COLOR OF BUILDING M

ARMY OF THE PHILIPPINES.

The Men Who Fought the Spaniards at Manila Forming an Organization at Denver.

Denver, Col., Aug. 13.-Nebraska, Kansas, Iowa, the Dakotas, Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Oregon and other western states are represented at the reunion of veterans of the Philippine campaign which opened in this city, and will continue for three days. Two years ago these soldiers were wading the Rio Cingalon river, in the orient, waist deep, carrying the old flag and facing a storm of lead from ten miles of Spanish intrenchments before Manila. They will never forget the occasion, and the reunion has been called for the purpose of keeping comrades shoulder to shoulder and effecting an organization whereby their deeds may be preserved in history. The idea originated with Gen. Irving Hale, and to his efforts is due the success of this first annual reunion. Several hundred badges were issued to the delegations as they arrived during the forenoon. A meeting was held in the afternoon at which steps were taken for the organization of the Society of the Army a public meeting. The feature of Tuesday's exercises will be a parade in which the local members of the Grand Army of the Republic will have the position of honor. Various entertainments will be given by citizens in honor of the visiting veterans, and on Wednesday they will be taken on excursions to mountain resorts and noted mining camps.

A DOZEN PERSONS KILLED.

The Accident, Near Rome, Sunday Night, More Serious than First Supposed.

Rome, Aug. 13 .- The railroad accident, not far from this city, Sunday night, turns out to have been more serious than anticipated. It now appears that 12 persons were killed and 40 wounded, of whom 15 are seriously

The disaster was caused by the telescoping of two sections of a train on the railroad from Rome to Florence, bearing notable persons who had been attending the recent ceremonies here. The engine of the first section became disabled and stopped, and was almost immediately afterwards struck by the second section. Grand Duke and the members of the Turkish mission, crossing-its head is bandaged and it turning at the wee, small hours. Humbert, were among the passengers, time, so as to induce it to forget all but they were uninjured. The acci- about the ferryboat. dent occurred about midnight, and at

Queen Helene of Italy.

Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helenc hastened to the scene. The queen and horns. her sister returned to the quirinal, while the king and the grand duke to assist in clearing the wreck and quirinal at six o'clock in the morn- and over the human passengers.

that 15 persons had been killed in the the ferryboat by the strength of a ing in at 11 o'clock. railroad accident.

Among the injured was Gen. Buffin, head of the Belgian mission to the late king's funeral. He had his leg broken.

DYNAMITERS ARRESTED.

Four Men Under Arrest at St. Louis for Dynamiting St. Louis Transit Company Property.

St. Louis, Aug. 13.-Maurice Brennan, Fred E. Northway, James Schawrtz and James Finnesey, former employes of the St. Louis Transit Co., are under arrest on the charge of dynamiting the conduit of the Olive street cable line on Maryland avenue between Taylor and Euclid evenues, at 11 o'clock Saturday night.

Brennan and Northway have confessed, and have implicated Schwartz and Finnesev.

Schwartz denies that he took any part in the dynamiting, but admits that he was with the other two men just before and just after the explosion occurred.

The police authorities, as well as the Transit company officials, claim that the men under arrest are the ringleaders of the clique of dynamitards that have been operating intermittently since the beginning of the

Thirty pounds of dynamite, 30 feet of fuse and several detonating caps used in the explosion of dynamite were found in the house of one of the men under arrest, and he admits that the stuff was for use in blowing up the property of the Transit company.

THREE EMPLOYES KILLED.

Trigle Fatal Accident in the New York Steam Heating Co.'s Premises.

New York, Aug. 13.—Three employes in the New York Steam Heating Co. were killed by the explosion of a 15-inch pipe elbow. They are Frank Sherrick, of Jersey City, and George Jenkins and Edward Brown, colored, of this city. Jackson and Brown tried to crawl out, but were overcome and suffocated. Sherrick was on the second floor in the fire room and was also suffocated by the steam. Others seriously injured were sent home. W. J. David, the engineer, was arrested.

Liverpool Grain Imports. ·Liverpool, Aug. 13 .- The imports of wheat into Liverpool last week were 44,000 quarters from Atlantic ports, tribute to Emperor William of Ger- and 15,000 from other ports. The imports of corn from Atlantic ports last Jews of Pomerania and East Prussia. | week were 55,800 quarters.

A CHINESE FERRY.

In Crossing Much Trouble and Frequent Accidents Are Encountered.

Ferries in China are numerous, and so are the heavy carts to be ferried. and each animal got on board as best

somewhere or everywhere, to the im-

THE DESERTED HENS.

Odd Name and Organization of Woman's Club in Brooklyn, N. Y.

Flatbush, whose beautiful homes constitute a becoming frill to the out-The spectacle of a crossing is full of skirts of Brooklyn, has a woman's club surprises, says Rev. Arthur H. Smith that does not belong to the federain "Village Life in China." To get one tion, has no rules, no by-laws, no parof the clumsy carts down the steep liamentary formalities, no initiation and shelving incline to the river re- fee, no dues-nothing, in fact, that being an accessory before the fact in quires considerable engineering skill, characterizes other clubs to which the Goebel assassination rested the found by some fishermen, on their way and accidents are not infrequent, women having leisure and lovely testimony for that side at 2 o'clock, to Dead creek. Coroner Schieldroth When the edge of the ferry is reached homes belong, says Harper's Bazar. The prosecution introduced several the whole team must be unhitched, The Deserted Hens is the somewhat witnesses in rebuttal and have a numignominious title used to designate ber of others who will be introthe organization. The club in its in- duced. Some animals make no trouble, and ception was simply an expedient to will give a mighty bound, landing meet the exigencies of loneliness, when on Saturday nights the male minent peril of any passengers on heads of half a dozen families deserted board. When an animal refuses to the hearthstones to have an evening

VICTOR EMMANUEL III., KING OF ITALY.



The new ruler of the united kingdom of Italy was the only son of the la-The new ruler of the united kingdom of Italy was the only son of the lamented King Humbert. He was born November 11, 1869, and has the reputation of being a liberal, scholarly and soldierly man. He was for years a general in the Italian army and is a liberal patron of art and literature. He is a chevaller of the order of the Golden Fleece and a knight of the Garter. He was married in Rome, October 24, 1896, to Princess Helene of Montenegro, one of the most beautiful women of Europe. In personal appearance the new king is anything but kingly, his height scarcely exceeding five feet.

who had attended the funeral of King is led around and around for a long

a point about twelve miles from this urged to jump, which it will by no We would meet, have cards and sup-The grand duchess is a sister of tail, put a stick behind it as a lever, held at my home. The ladies ordered and get six men at each end of the When informed of the accident, King stick, while six more tug at ropes which are attached to the animal's formed of our plans, but I mentioned

Later in the day it was announced cart, which must be dragged on to since then those men have come trailsmall army of men.

Grand Duchess Peter of Russia, and budge—an occurrence at almost every together with cards at the club, re-

"We women sat at home alone Saturday evenings half the winter," one of the Deserted Hens explained, "when At last it is led to the edge and a happy thought came to one of us means do. Then the drivers twist its per ourselves. The first meeting was a carriage to come for them at one o'clock. The men were not to be into my husoand incidentally that I ex-After a struggle, often lasting half pected a few ladies for cards that spean hour, and frequently after pro- cial evening. Quite to my surprise he remained on the spot, giving orders longed and cruel beatings, the poor came home just as we were having beasts are all on board, where the supper. He grasped the situation at saving the injured. They re-entered the more excitable prance about among once, and thought he had a rare joke on the men he had left behind him at Next comes the moving of the heavy the club. Every Saturday evening

So the Deserted Hens, as they saw On the farther bank another excit- fit to call themselves before they took ing struggle occurs. The exit of the matters into their own hands, are no

AMERICAN GALLANTRY AT TIENTSIN.



Deeds of daring on the battlefield are common enough, but such courage as that displayed by Capt. Henry Leonard, of the United States marine corps, deserves especial mention. Capt. Leonard, although so severely wounded as to require subsequent amputation of his arm, took his fellow officer, Smedley D. Butler, on his back, swam across the flooded moat, and landed him on the other side, where both went into the surgeons' hands. The gallant act was witnessed by hundreds of excited spectators who were profuse in expressing their admiration of the plucky American officer.

cart and animals is impeded by the longer so deserted as they were. But struggles of those who are eager to the odious name still clings. cross to the other shore, and cannot be content to wait until the boat is unloaded. Order is unknown, and it is a wonder that people are not frequently killed in these tumultuous crossings.

Hard on Tommy Atkins. When a British soldier is taken a

prisoner of war he is guilty of an offense against the queen, and can be put upon trial. He must then prove that it was imposisble for him to take any other course without uselessly throwing away his life.

The Chinese Pigtail. Until 1627 the Chinese wore their hair long and coiled on the top of their head, where it was fastened with an ornamental pin. The Manchu edict making the pigtail a sign of loyalty, changed this style.

Growth of Big Cities. Asoriginally laid out by William Penn Philadelphia was two miles long and one mile wide. Township after township was annexed, till at last the city boundaries coincided with those of a county 22 miles long. Boston overran the old county lines and took in five outlying towns. Greater New York and Chicago now exceed in area and population some European principalities. In each case consolidation has been accomplished by the joint action of city and suburbs, with legislative authorization. But the problems of city government grow in complexity as the

cities grow in size. For Burying Spinsters. In Brazil a scarlet coffin and hearse a spinster.

KENTUCKY FLASHES.

DIFFICULT FOR THE JURY.

It Is Alleged That Both Sides of the Powers Trial Have Dealt In Perjury.

Georgetown, Ky., Aug. 11 .-- The defense in the case of Caleb Powers. ex-secretary of state, charged with The jury will be taken to Frank-

fort either Monday or Tuesday to view the scene of the tragedy. The jury when it comes to considering the evidence will not have to decide the question of which side has dealt in perjury, but which side has been burdened with the largest amount of that product, it being concluded that perjury has been indulged in in large quantities by somebody for the last few days during which contradiction and impeachment was the leading factor and which will possibly keep up till the close of the trial.

Ex-Gov. Brown, leading counsel for the defense, said that in his opinion the state had utterly failed to make out a case against Powers and that the jury would be compelled to bring in a verdict of acquittal. There are few who believe the trial will result in a conviction but a majority of people anticipate a hung jury. The lawyers for the defense insist they are entitled to a conviction but do not anticipate the jury's verdict by giving out any statement.

JUDGES FOR HORSE SHOW. Some Prominent People Asked to Take Part in Louisville's Great

Coming Event.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 11.-The following persons have been asked to act as judges at the Louisville horse show this fall:

Gen. Nelson A. Miles, U. S. A., and W. Stanton Elliott, New York, cave and that it is reported an advance on alry, walk, trot and canter saddle the Russian frontier is contemplated.

William C. Whitney and George B. Hulme, New York, harness horses. A. J. Cassatt, Philadelphia, John E. Madden, Lexington, Ky., and Joseph J. Eakin, New Yeork, thorough-

Mortimer Levering, ponies. Arthur Chichester, Bryn Mawr, Pa, nunters, jumpers and polo ponies. Jacob Perkins, Cleveland, O., and Col. Shelby T. Harbison, Lexington, Ky., roadster.

Alleged Outlaws Arrested.

Wilbur Lindsey and Emmitt Brewer were jailed here on numerous warrents charged with housebreaking. They are said to be members of a notorious gang of thieves who have back, when he shot him three times. been plundering farmers in this section for several years. All are outlaws, every crime form murder to counterfeiting having been charged Russians made a bad mistake during against them. They were surround- the assault on Yang Tsung, confounded by a sheriff's posse and captured without resistance.

Mother and Babe Perished.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 11.-William Rothenberger, a tenant on the Glenview stock farm nine miles from the city, came to town with three of his children, leaving his wife with their baby and a young boy at home. The boy went to the fields to work. When looking back he saw the house in flames. The alarm was given, but when neighbors arrived the house was mass of flames. The charred remains of Mrs. Rothenberger and the pabe were found.

Woman Drops Dead in Church.

Owingsville, Ky., Aug. 11.-While services were being held at a church near Springfield the minister illustrated his sermon by relating an incident of a former sermon which he preached during which a woman took sick and died in her chair. Just as he finished Mrs. Samuel Piersall fell unconscious to the floor. She was borne to her residence, but was dead when she reached there. Heart disease was the cause.

MONDAY, Aug. 13.

St. Louis — Flour — Patents, \$3.60@3.75; other grades, \$2.00@3.60. Wheat—No. 2 red, 73@74c. Corn — No. 2 mixed. \$8½c. Oats—No. 2, 21¼@21½c. Hay—Timothy, \$10.00 and \$1.50; prairie, \$6.50@8.00; choice clover, \$9.00@12.00. Butter—Creamery, 17½@20c. dairy, 14½@16½c. Eggs — Fresh, 11c. Lard—Prime steam, 6.57½c. Pork—New mess, \$12.50@12.75. Bacon—Clear rib, 8¼c: when the cause.

in Kentucky, West Virginia and Ohio in the last three years, and bids fair to spread to other states in the near

Notaries' Commission Void.

Frankfort, Ky., Aug. 11.-Attorney General Breckinridge gave it as his opinion that persons who secured commissions as notaries public signed by W. S. Taylor after January 31, the day Goebel was sworn in as governor, can not act as such without securing a proper commission, signed by Gov. Beckham, and that it must be paid for again.

Craps Leads to a Killing.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Aug. 11.-Early Friday Lee Sugg, aged 20, waylaid Buster Edwards, aged 25, and killed him and then escaped. They were farm hands and had quarreled Thursday over a game of craps, during which Edwards shot twice at Sugg, but missed him.

Special Session Call.

Frankfort, Ky., Aug. 10.-The call for an extra session of the legislature will be issued Saturday or Monday sure. This is the announcement are used when the deceased person is that came from Gov. Beckham Friday morning.

FOUND DEAD NEAR CAHOKIA.

The Body of John R. Young, of St. Louis, Found by Some Fishermen in Illinois.

St. Louis, Aug. 13 .- The body of John R. Young, a former employe of the Imperial Electric Light, Heat and Power Co., who boarded at the Hotel Barnum, was found on the Cahokia road, near Cahokia, Ill., Sunday. !t had lain there for some time, and was held an inquest, and the jury decided that the man died from natural causes. It is believed that Young became overheated and died in the secluded spot without atention.

Young was last seen at the Barnum hotel Thursday morning after breakfast.

WILL PROCEED TO TAKU.

Arrival of the Transport Sumner at Nagasaki-Men Will Proceed to Taku.

Washington, Aug. 13 .- The war department has received the following from Gen. Barry:

"Nagasaki, Aug. 12 .- Adjutant General, Washington: Transport Sumner arrived this port on the 10th. No casualties occurred. Health of command excelent. Will proceed to Taku

on Indiana.

also will take aboard siege guns and The Sumner carried a battalion of the Fifteenth infantry. The Indiana alos will take aboard siege guns and Maxim field guns, which Gen. Chaffee has requested, and which Gen. MacArthur sent from Manila. It will take about three days for the Indiana to reach Taku.

"BARRY."

AMEER MENACING RUSSIA.

The Afghan Ruler Said to be Mobilizing Forces of Troops on the Russian Frontier.

London, Aug. 13 .- A news agency dispatch from Lahore, Punjab, says the ameer of Afghanistan is mobilizing forces of infantry and artillery, It is added that the news is not fully credited at Lahore though, it is explained, the ameer's behavior has been causing some uneasiness in official circles.

The Lane Murder Confessed.

Columbus, O., Aug. 13 .- Charles R. M. Ferrell, a former employe of the Adams Express Co. was arrested Sunday, in the presence of his financee, for the Pennsylvania train robbery and murder of Messenger Lane. He admitted both crimes. He said that he committed them to get money with Russellville, Ky., Aug. 11.-Sam, Bi!! which to wed. The murder was cowardly and cold-blooded. The victim was a friend of the man who slew him and the two had chatted pleasantly until Ferrell induced Lane to turn his

A Bad Binnder.

Shanghai, Aug. 13 .- The English and ing the Fourteenth United States infantry, in the night, with the Chinese and shelling them, with the result that ten of the Americans were wounded before the mistaken was discovered.

River News.

Stations.	Gauge	Change 24 hours	Rainfall in 24 hrs
Pittsburgh	5.8	0.6	.16
Cincinnati	5.4	-0.8	.22
St. Louis	5.9	-0.8	
St. Paul	2.9	0.7	.03
Davenport	2.4	0.2	.28
Memphis	7.4	-1.3	
Louisville	3.8	-0.5	1.24
Cairo	12.3	-1.2	
New Orleans	5.7	0.1	. (.3

THE MARKET REPORT.

Grain and Provisions.

MONDAY, Aug. 13.

grades, 13@20c.

Chicago—Closing quotations: Wheat—August, 74%c; September, 75%@75%c; September, 21%c; September, 21%c; October, August, 21%c; September, 21%c; October, 22c; September, 21%c; October, 22c; September, 21%c; October, 31.57%@11.60; September, 31.65. Lard—August, 36.60; September, 31.65. Lard—August, 36.60; September, 31.65. Lard—August, 36.60; September, 36.62%; October, 31.65. Lard—August, 36.60; September, 36.62%; December, 36.62%; November, 36.62%; December, 36.60; September, 36.62%; January, 35.95@5.97%.

Live Stock Markets.

St. Louis—Cattle—Fancy exports, \$5.50@ 6.00; butchers', \$4.50@5.70; stockers, \$3.00@ 4.00; cows and heifers, \$2.50@4.50. Hogs—Packing, \$4.75@5.30; butchers', \$5.05@5.35; light, \$4.75@5.40. Sheep—Mutton sheep. \$3.75@4.50; yearling lambs, \$4.25@4.75; spring lambs, \$4.50@5.42½.

lambs, \$4.50@5.42½.

Chicago—Cattle—Good to prime steers, \$5.30@5.90; poor to medium, \$4.65@5.25; stockers and feeders, \$3.25@4.65; cows, \$2.75@4.30; heifers, \$3.00@4.90; canners, \$2.00@.2.70; calves, \$4.25@6.75; Texas fed steers, \$4.25@5.10; Texas grass steers, \$3.30@4.25; Hogs—Mixed and butchers, \$5.00@5.25; rough heavy, \$4.75@4.95; light, \$5.00@5.25; rough heavy, \$4.75@4.95; light, \$5.00@5.35. Sheep—Good to choice wethers, \$4.25@4.55; fair to choice mixed, \$3.65@4.20; western sheep, \$4.15@4.50; Texans, \$3.00@4.00; native lambs, \$4.25@5.70; western lambs, \$4.75@5.65.

Kansas City—Cattle—Native steers.

Xansas City—Cattle—Native steers, \$4.50@5.75; Texas steers, \$3.25@5.20; Texas cows, \$2.25@3.10; native cows and heifers, \$1.50@5.30; stockers and feeders, \$2.50@4.50. Hogs—Heavy, \$5.00@5.12½; packers, \$5.00@5.10; light, \$4.90@5.10; yorkers, \$5.05@5.16. Sheep—Lambs, \$3.50@5.75; muttons, \$3.00@4.45.

Cotton.

Quotations for raddling range as follows: St. Louis, 9½c; New York, 10½c; Memphis, 9½c.

Financial.

New York, Aug. 13.—Money on call nominally 1¼ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@5 per cent. Sterling exchange easier with actual business in bankers' bills at 487½@487¾ for demand and at 484@484¼ for 60 days; posted rates. 485@485½ and 489; commercial bills. 485½@483¾; silver certificates, 61½@62½c. Bar silver, 61c; Mexican dollars, 48½c. Government bonds steady. bonds steady.

R. C. WALKER, - Publisher

ONE YEAR

ONE DOLLAR

C. P. Huntington, the great railroad magnet, is dead

not for Stevenson.

Gov. Beckham is a good deal prophet.

Ex-United States Senator John Ingalls is very ill in New Mexico. He has a troat disease that may prove fatal.

The national party, an off-shoot from the gold democrats, has definitely decided to nominate a third ticket for suckers to vote for. Only \$4006.00 of the reward

for the conviction of the Goebel murderers has so far been spent. We are anxiously watching to see if Hon. W. J. Stone will tender his services as a campaign

speaker to the Democratic committee. The failure of ex-Gov. Bradley to go to Georgetown to testify, after having been summoned by the defense, is significant. He evi-

dently knew nothing to the advan-

have been there. There promises to be as many political faiths in this country as there are religious creeds, but let us be thankful that our politics and religion is not alike in any other particular, and that neither of the proved.

Davis, Charles Finley, W. S. Tayles hearty and numerous. They went to Elizabethtown to pay a friend a visit, and while there considered the sick for proved.

Mrs. 7

We notice that the State Examiner has been ordered to investiting with them or either of them, agreed upon for the future. court clerk's office in Caldwell aid or procure any of them or any unknown person or persons acting that Frank Pastuer has refused to with them or either of them to kill with them or either of them to kill will as refined and beautiful young ladication. Morion William of the country and data advise, country in the catest datagrate. Several families of little folks met in the woods in our neighborhood last Saturday and spent the day picnicing; they gate the condition of the county recognize the decision of the Supreme court of the United States in the late gubernatorial contest.

thoroughly, through the seive of ishmenf at death or confinement worth as a man and a citizen. disinterestedness, and there will in the state prison for life in their | The Press is happy in the pricome the impression that several discretion. They ought to find vilege of joining with their many people about that Executive buil- said Caleb Powers guilty, wheth- other friends in extending conding did not fall over with aston- er he was present at the time of gratulation ishment or die with grief when said shooting or not, or whether news of the shooting reached their the identity of the person so shoo-

With the church fighting for numerical strength rather than arguing for spiritual power, and en- tions or the manner of accompguing for spiritual power, and endeavoring to gather in wealth for lishing the unlawful purpose of administrator of the estate of its pillars rather than meekness the conspiracy. and humility, it is no wonder that there are those who want to cut off the ear of the high priest's servant with a sword.

In an interview in the Paducah News, Col. Bill Reed intimates that he would accept the "fusion" nomination for congress, if urged to do so. One good lickin' would probably place Col. Bill back into the Democratic party, and as he won't half stay there now, we insist that his friends urge him to defendant, Caleb Powers, conspiraccept that nomination, so that ed with the co-defendants to do Charley Wheeler may administer some unlawful act, and in pursuthat lickin' at the earliest possible ance of such conspiracy or in furmoment.

in a strong editorial against the pro- and kill William Goebel, the deposed mobbing of the cowboys at- fendant is guilty, although the jutached to Terrell Bros. show, for ry may believe from the evidence Marion. The Press is right. We procure or bring about the death earnestly hope that nolynching may of Willipm Goebel, but for some ey, house and lots for \$750. stain the good name of the town other unlawful or criminal purand county. The law is amply pose. sufficient to punish the guilty .-Paducah News.

three of the most important trust se; and the corroboration is not companies of that State. The financial institutions controlled by this great trust had at close of business a few days since a capital of fact and circumstance necessary \$22,500,000, a surplus of \$44,023,724; loans amounting to \$342,775,000, and deposits of \$432,082,000. satisfaction of the jury beyond a 000, and deposits of \$432,082,000. satisfaction of the jury beyond a Of the deposits \$21,640,100 were reasonable doubt, and unless the United States Treasury funds and this amount is loaned to these banks without interest. A oneeyed man with a red nose and cork guilty. leg, with no head in front of his ears, ought to be able to see why the national bank people and the trusts, like the Standard Oil concerns, are afraid of free silver or flour, meal and bran. Keep a any other monetary system that stock on hand at Givens' butcher would take the control of the mo- shop. There's none better. Your ney of the country away from the patronage solicited. patriotic bankers.

CANTRILL'S CHARGE

To the Jury in the Powers Case At Georgetown.

Georgetown, Ky., Aug. 14.-Final instructions were given to the jury at 4 o'clock this afternoon in the Powers trial. Judge Sims made the opening speech to the jury for the defense.

Defendant Powers was in such Chairman Marion Butler has a nervous and critical condition announced that he is for Bryan but that his attorneys filed a physician's affidavit that he was unable to attend the session, but Judge Cantrell said a cot would be proolder than David was when the vided for him to lie down in the latter was anointed by the old court room during the speeches. Powers was able to set up tonight.

> The instructions are considered by the defendant's attorneys as entirely too severe, and tend to lessen Powers' chance of acquittal, although they are still confident of a verdict in his favor.

The court instructed the jury that a criminal conspiracy was a corrupt combination between two or more persons by concerted action to do an unlawful act, or to do a lawful act by unlawful means. money offered by the legislature The court further instructed the jury that an accessory before the fact was one who being absent at the time the act was committed, procures, aids, counsels, commands advises or abets another to commit convicted although the person who Griffith. committed the act is never identified, apprehended or tried.

If the jury believes from the evidence beyond a reasonable doubt

and did advise, counsel, encourage ting Goebel be established or not.

It does not matter what change was made by the conspirators as to with a good sized crowd in town, their original designs or inten- but very little business to transact. been visiting relatives and friends here

The jury must find him guilty, although the jury may believe road overseer instead of Mack from the evidence at the time of Horning. the shooting Powers was not present at the shooting, and the time of the killing of said Goebel had not been definitely fixed by the conspirators, if there was a conspi

racy to kill Goebel. The court instructs the jury i they believe from the evidence beyond a reasonable doubt that the therance thereof one of them or some other person unknown to the The Crittenden Press comes out jury octing with them, did shoot the murder of Claude Wheeler at the original a purpose was not to

The jury cannot convict the defendant upon the testimony of an accomplice, unless such testimony The Standard Oil Company now be corroborated by other evidence controls seven of the largest na- tending to connect the defendant tional banks in New York, besides with the commission of the offen-

TOLU FLOUR

I have the agency for the Tolu

Lnther Farmer.

HOOD'S ARILLA In stomach troubles, has a touch," promptly relieves distant other dyspeptic symptoms.

In stomach troubles, has a "magic touch," promptly relieves distress and all other dyspeptic symptoms. It makes rich, pure blood, gives strong, steady nerves.

CREATES AN APPETITE, AIDS DIGESTION.

PROCRAM

Of the Missionary Meeting to be Held at Siloam Aug. 17.

Devotional exercises. Purpose of the meeting: Mrs. Lillie Flanary

The First Missionary: E. S. Moore. Recitation: May Love.

Mission work in Africa: Mrs. M. N. Moore. What is required of a missiona-

Donakey.

ry: Alice Griffith. Recitation: Virgil Love. An open door in China: Mary E. Moore.

Reports of Societies. Programme Committee: E. S. it, and he may be taken, tried and Moore, Mrs. L. Flanary, Alice

Cook----Moore.

Monday afternoon, at the resi the defendant, Caleb Powers, did dence of Mr. Henry Ledbetter, at in Franklin county and before the Elizabethtown, Ill., Mr. Levi Cook tage of Mr. Powers, or he would finding of the indictment, unlaw- and Miss Nettie Moore were unitfully, and with intent to bring ed in marriage. Immediately after about or procure the death of the ceremony they returned to Ma-William Goebel, and conspire with rion, and the friends of both were W. H. Culton, F. W. Golden, Jno surprised at the announcement, L. Powers, Green Golden, John but congratulations were none the has anything to do with the other. taker, Richard Combs, or any or cluded that it would be both opall of them, or other person or per- portune and romantic to celebrate sons unknown to the jury, and ac- an event that had already been

The bride is the eldest daughter William Goebel, and that in pur. ladies in Marion. The groom is had a jolly time. suance of said conspiracy any of the popular jeweler of this place. them did snoot William Goebel, and everybody appreciates his gethey ought to find the defendant nial, sunny disposition, his sturdy Sift that Georgetown evidence guilty of murder and fix his pun- business qualities, and his great

County Court.

County court convened Monday

Abraham Millican, deceased.

J. N. Thompson was appointed

Deeds Recorded.

J. W. Blue, Jr., Exr., to Thos. Hardin 153 acres for \$500. Jerry Daughtery to E. E. Wel-

don $97\frac{1}{2}$ acres for \$1150. Jas. W. Woolf and wife to A. M. McConnell, interest in land for

Jno. King to W. C. Stanley 125 acres for \$500.

G. E. Reynolds to Nunn & Gahagan house and lot for \$200. J. G. Rochester to Mrs. E. E. Bettis, lot for \$125

B. P. Tucker to Mrs. E. E. Bettis, lot for \$121. Mrs. E. E. Bettis to D. N. Kil-

J. W. Pritchett to Jas. W. Bennet lot for \$40. Jas. W. Bealmear to Wm. W.

Trail, 31 acres for \$225. Wm W. Trail to R. A. McDaniel

300 acres for \$3500.

Still They Come.

Quite a number of mineral prospectors have come in from other sections of the country since last Appeal to young women: Lena week, and are looking over the district. It is currently reported that a strong syndicate has sent an expert here to look over the field and report. If the report is favorable, a large sum of money will be invested by this syndicate in our

buggy for sale for cash or note with good security. Also have a new dwelling house and lot centrally located, which I desire to sell, price reasonable. John A. Moore.

LONE CEDAR.

Mrs. D. H. King, who has been quite sick for the past week is somewhat im-

Misses Anna and Sue Daniels are suf fering from chills.

Mrs. S. E. Dean visited Mrs. Ellen Terry last week.

Bud Daniels admires all colors, but Brown is his favorie.

friends in our neighborhood last week.

MEXICO.

this wrlting.

12 additions to the church.

several days.

Several young folks from this place This year the Association will be held

Everybody cordially invited.

but not the people who dwell here. A certain fellow of Cravneville often visits our little town. Wonder what the attraction is?

Office over Orme's Drugstore.

Telephone No. 27.

THE BEST should be your aim when buying medicine. Get Hood's Sarsaparilla and have the best medicine MONEY CAN BUY.

31 acres for \$235.

M. E. Woodson to W. S. Lee

For Sale.

I have a good buggy horse and new

Mr. Gass, of Illinois, with some other relatives were guests of Mrs. Conger last

Mrs. Tom Daniels is up after a week's

Rev. J. F. Price was the guest of h's

Little Ollie Beavers is quite sick at

The protracted meeting has closed at this place with several conversions and

Mis Lovie Taylor, of Princeton, has

attended the fair at Princeton last week. at Caldwell Springs, beginning Aug. 16.

Wirt Brasher says he admires Mexico

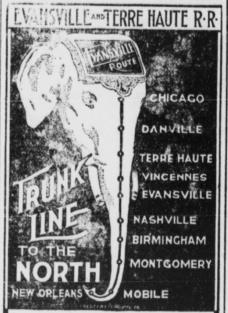
W. J. J. Paris, M. D PHYSICIAN

MARION,

The favorite whiskey of famous men is HARPER. Because of its smooth, exquisite flavor; because of its matchless purity; because of its mellow age. No wonder it's the favorite. Every drop sterling. HARPER WHISKEY. Sold by

J. H. Orme, Marion, Ky. Owing to the nearness of the new crop we have reduced the price of sorghum from 40 to 20 cents, syrup to 25 cents.

A. M. Henry.



THROUGH SERVICE Via L. & N., E. & T. H. and C. & E. I

2 Vestibuled Through Trains 2 Daily, Nashville to Chicago 2 Through Buffet Sleeping and Day Coaches, New Orleans to Chicago.

P. P. JEFFRIES G. P. A. D. H. HILLMAN G. S. A. EVANSVILLE, IND. NASHVILLE TENN.

Young Men

Make arrangements to

Marion Graded School

Monday Sep 17, 1900 A School that you know.

Begins Work

A School that leads.

A School that improves each A School whose plans and methods are in demand

over the State. The School for this and ad-

joining counties. Better plans, more pleasure. Better Results next session. I can not call on you personally this year. I shall be in Marion, for next two

Come, call on me then, or write me. CHARLES EVANS, Principal

months, only on Saturday's.

A. C. MOORE,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

OFFICE--Rooms 3 and 4, over MARION, KY

Some People

Will bank on McKinley and Roosevelt, and others on Bryan and Stevenson, and somebody will be disappointed, but all who stand by

AND

TICKET.

Will be pleased. This flour pleases the housewife as well as the voter, and gives strength to all who use it It makes the best bread, the best pies, the best cakes, and in fact it is the best article to keep in the flour bin obtainable.

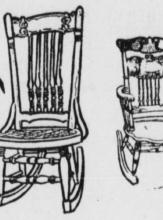
Clark & Kevil.

Marion Roller Mills. \$

01010101010101010101010101

HAVE THE LARGEST STOCK OF

EVER SHOWN IN MARION.



Their Undertaking Department is complete in every particular.

Coffins

BURIAL ROBES and SLIPPERS.

Handsome Hearse

Always ready for Fun-



We have a large stock of

Building Lumber

CEILING SIDING, FLOORING, SHINGLES, Finishing Lumber of all Dimensio DOORS, SASH,

We will make you right prices

GLASS.

BLINDS,

on everything.

either outside or inside work. Here is what Government officials have to say to the manufacturers of this celebrated paint:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT Office of Secretary.

Messrs. A. A. Eberson & Co., Gentlemen:-Inasmuch as such of your paint as has been used on board vessels of the Revenue Cutter Service, has given very good satisfaction I suggest that you have a quantity of paint, funning into the thousands of gallons, ready for delivery or shipment from your Baltimore office.

This is simply a suggestion, that no delay may be experienced in its delivery when it is ordered.

C. F. Sheemaker, Capt. R. C. S.

C. F. Shoemaker, Capt. R.C S

Remember we Sell it on **GUARANTEE.**

Boston & Walker

The Aress.

. Publisher R. C. WALKER,

The peach crop is now being

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

harvested. Tin fruit cans, quarts, 50 cents

per dozen. Tom Wilborn is clerking in Koltinsky's grocery.

Schwab is now receiving old i-

ron, rags and bones Eastern meat 9cts, country meat

10cts at Schwab's. Mr. Rothchild, of Louisville

spent Sunday with Mr. A. Ziff. Mrs. Louis Clifton is visiting

relatives at Paducah this week. We are now ready to receive

Schwab. old iron and bones.

The macadamizing of Bellville street will be completed this week

Remember the entertainment at Opera Hall Thursday evening, August 16th.

Mrs. Perry and son, of Paducah, are visiting friends in Marion for a few days.

For first-class fruit jars go to the Boston grocery. The prices will suit you.

Manager Wilson informs us that he has one hundred guests at Crittenden Springs.

Reserved seats on sale at Haynes drug store for the entertainment Thursday evening.

Don't fail to see those Rough Riders, Ladysmith and Lawton hats at Mrs. Roney's.

Mrs. Bettie Lemon and child-Mrs. Frances Givens.

Jim Travis, who is working for the Alexander telephone at Clay, is visiting his sister, Mrs. Belle was in town Saturday.

Misses Williams and Ida Lou Johnson and Mr. Tom Taylor, of Providence, are at Crittenden.

Genuine Masons porcelean top fruit jars, pints 50c, quarts 60c, Schwab. gallon 75c.

Miss Susan Baker of this place

with typhoid fever, is rapidly im- J. A. Farris at Salem. Prof. McCormick, Principal of from Dawson Saturday

the Louisville High School, is journ of several days. spending a few days at Crittenden Springs.

Mrs. Caldwell and daughter, of Atlanta, returned home Saturday, after spending several weeks with relatives here.

Miss Kittie Woods, our talented present. elocutionist, will appear at Opera Hall Thursday evening. Do not fail to hear her.

Mr. J. D. Boaz was in Webster county last week closing negotiations for an interest in the Kentucky Western railroad.

If you want to laugh, see "The Bashful Man," "Per Telephone,"
"The Rival Editors," at Opera Hall Thursday evening.

If you have a pair of ice hooks or saw that belongs to me I wish you would please return. J. W. Givens.

"The Bashful Man," produced by Misses Melville Glenn, Fannie Gray and Messrs. Walker, Haynes day Evening.

"Per Telephone," presented by Misses Kathie Woods, Fannie railroad between Evansville and Gray, Kittie Moore, Messrs. Ran- Hopkinsville, has been doubled. dolph and Taylor, at Opera Hall, From now on there will be four Thursday evening.

Miss Rosa Kevil is teaching the school at Copper Springs, in this by Ed. Olive, Henry Haynes and county. This is Miss Rosa's first Walter Walker, at Opera Hall, departure of such a good citizen

mings.

There is a great deal of excitement in Bolivar county, Mississippi, over a negro turning to a mule. The negro cursed God because of the tremendous downpour of rain and he was at once converted into a mule,

Copher has a new oven, the best to the health of the editor.

LOST.—A key ring containing several keys, and has the K. of P. emblem and my name and address. He is making a speciality of furn, is hing bread for camp-meeting.

Marion, and is making a speciality of furn, is hing bread for camp-meeting.

Marion.

In mineral waters at Dawson will be to the health of the editor.

LOST.—A key ring containing several keys, and has the K. of P. emblem and my name and address. Finder please return to me and be to the health of the editor.

Mary much to part with this fair daughter of Georgia and hope she will often revisit our city.

Mr. Lonnie W. Clark, of Princeton, Ind., is visiting his friends in Marion.

The Boston grocery is still in he lead.

Joe Randolph spent Sunday in

Richard Mays, of near town, is uite sick.

Judge Yates, of Dycusburg. was in town Monday.

Mr. Geo. Conyers, of Salem, was n town Monday.

Miss Anelyza Johnson is visiting in Princeton.

Miss Della Kevil is spending a

few days at Dawson. Aug. 15.-James B. Crider to

Mary J. Harvey. Miss Mary Patmor is seriously ill with typhoid fever.

Mr. J. H. Suthard, of Hanson

Ky. was in town Tuesday.

Mr. Hughey Hurley attended the Princeton Fair Friday.

Mrs. Carrie Thomas returned from Hopkinsville Saturday.

Go to Mrs Roney's to see the latest style in new fall hats.

Miss Mattie Henry is spending few days in Sturgis this week.

A number of our citizens attended the Princeton fair last week.

Mr. Griffith, of Owensboro, is visiting relatives in this county. Mrs. Roney has just received

Charles Moore is manager of the Alexander telephone exchange a

the new fall hats. Call and see

this place. Messrs. Joe Hughes and Geo. Nunn, of Sullivan, spent Sunday in our town.

Mr. W. A. Blackburn and wife ren, of Paducah, are the guests of of Louisville, are the guests of re latives in our town.

> Frank H. Long, of Evansville Dewey, of this place.

G. E. Boston will build a neat addition to Rev. T. C. Carter's residence on Salem street.

chickens and eggs; will pay you Schwab.

G. E. Boston has the contract to were held during the day. who has been ill for several weeks build a handsome residence for

Miss Bertie McNeeley returned

ing the Webster county teachers there. institute at Sebree this week.

All interested are requested to be 18. Work in Most Excellent and Mrs. H. H. Loving, of Paducah,

Dr. Williams and his wife, of Providence, are at Crittenden Springs, July 25, a gold locket

Rev. Wise, President of the Ohio Valley College at Sturgis, preached at the Baptist church Sunday on me and paying for this notice.

W. M. Brown. morning.

Spencer Dorr went to Princeton last week to accept a position with

Mr- Mert Vickers and family will leave today for Oakland City, Ind., where they will spend a few weeks with relatives.

Revs. W. R. Gibbs and U. G. near Baker school house.

mail trains on the road.

school and she will doubtless Thursday evening. A negro farce make a good teacher. Thursday evening. A negro farce of the most comical type.

George Stone and Mattie Kim- Messrs. J. Henry Davis and W. ball, both descendants of Ham. B. Thomas have been canvassing were before Judge Gilbert Satur- the county in regard to the stock at Dawson Springs for the bene- ning is expected to be the best day for a breech of the peace. law and intend to ask the court fit of his health, and if you find display of home talent ever pre-They were given \$1 each and trim- to allow the people to vote on the any improvement in the Press sented at the Opera Hall. question.

Miss Lillie Cook is visiting in Sullivan this week.

Mr. C. W. Bryant's two daugh ters, of this place, are quite sick.

Luther Farmer attended the camp meeting at Yelvington, Ky.,

Mr. A. C. Gilbert has been quite sick for the past week, but is im-

Mrs. H. A. Cameron and son Thomas, spent Friday in Evans-

Mrs. W. D. Cannan visited relatives in Princeton last week and attended the fair.

Mrs. Edgar James, of Evansville, is spending this week with relatives in Marion.

Rev. Spencer, of Henderson, was in our city Sunday, greeting his numerous friends.

I have the new felt Hats. Other goods going at cost.
Mrs. Nina Howerton.

Save your peach seed; will pay you 30c in cash until Oct. 15. H. Schwab.

Messrs. George Wilson and Bufe Cardwell, of Uniontown, spent Sunday in Marion.

Miss Nellie Walker is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Henry Ledbetter, of Elizabethtown, Ills., this

Mr. John W. Ray, who was a resident of this county several years ago, but now of Arkansas, is visiting in our city.

Rev. W. H. Miley, of Louisville, spent last week in Marion. He occupied the pulpit at the Presbyterian church Sunday.

LOST.-A gentleman's right buttoned tan shoe, between Rose bud and Mattoon. Finder please leave same at Mattoon or the Press J. W. Woody.

Mrs. Crowder and two daughters of Caldwell county, and Miss Sue Hoffman, of Hopkinsville, were were the guests of their relative, Mr. G. G. Hammond, Sunday.

A great many Marion people at Bring in your young spring tended the Piney camp meeting Sunday. A large congregation from all the surrounding country gathered there. Several services he could not spend a Moore pleas-

O. M. James and Tom Clifton left yesterday for Atlantic City, N. J. a well known watering place day. and summer resort appropriately called the "queen city of the sea." Prof. Chas. Evans is conduct- They will spend several weeks

Crittenden Chapter No. 70., R. The Fowler graveyard will be A. M., will meet in call communicleaned off Saturday, Aug. 25th. cation next Saturday night, Aug. Royal Arch degrees. W. D. Cannan, H. P.

FOUND.-At the Crittenden with picture of girl on one side and lock of hair on other side. Owner can have same by calling

Mr. Will Gill, who runs the mail hack between Marion and Shady the East Tennessee Telephone Grove, was so unfortunate last week as to lose one of his horses by death. It was a favorite and valuable animal, and the loss falls peculiarly hard on Mr. Gill.

Mr. M. H. Weldon has returned from Fulton and is opening up a grocery store in the building for-Gray and Messrs. Walker, Haynes are conducting a very merly occupied by Boston's furniand Dupuy, at Opera Hall, Thurs-successful meeting at the arbor ture store. Frank Dodge will be the salesman, and he is one of the most popular ones that ever struck

> Mr. Clore, who has been staying in Haynes' drugstore here, for the Piney camp-meeting Sunday the past few months, returned to his former home, Sturgis, Tuesday. "The Rival Editors" rendered While here he made many friends, tenden Springs, spent Tuesday in and true and genial gentleman, as Mr. Clore has proven himself to is his favorite flower.

this week you may know that it is on account of his absence. We Mrs. John Caldwell and daughter, Miss Lucie, returned to their laundry agent, now has a position that if you are behind on your stands at Piney Camp-meeting. home it Atlanta, Ga., Saturday. They have been here on an extended visit to relatives and friends, who are sorry to see them leave.

with Hiram Blow & Co., dealers of Central City, Ky. The firm will find Otie an industrious and valuable assistant.

for you to pay us a substantial call, and we assure you it will be as beneficial to the Press as the mineral waters at Dawson will be the young people and all regretted very much to part with this fair to the health of the editor.

FOR AUGUST.

Sell the Goods! Let the people have them at any sacrifice. Cut the prices; halve them if necessary, but by all means sell the goods. The purchaser saves every cent we loose and we must close out all of our Summer Clothing, Summer Dress Goods, Ladies Slippers, Etc., as we need the room for our Fall Stock which has already begun to arrive.

Therefore Sell the Goods! Sell the Goods!!

Where price may be the barrier to a sale it is stricken down; Bargains in goods that are now seasonable; the very things you want in hot weather; the very things that we don't want for our fall trade. That's why there is but one plank in this platform, viz: SELL THE GOODS! It has been a successful season for us. What is left of our enormous spring and summer stock goes now at almost any old price, just so it GOES. We are going to stick to this one plank of our platform if all of the other platforms in America goes down in defeat. The people are all vitally interested in this platform of ours and we are certain of their support. They will agree with us to SELL THE GOODS when they come and learn the prices.

Tell Tale Corner.

Happenings Among the Young People----Edited by Four of

Charles Perry, of Irma, spends his Sundays in Marion now and ant day.

Quite number of young people went to Piney camp-meeting Sun-

School began at Cookseyville Monday with Miss Dedie Clement as teacher.

Miss Kitty Gray is spending a few days at Crittenden Springs.

Mr. Luther Farmer returned from a visit to Owensboro Monday T. E. Butler, of Salem, was in

Miss Jordena Gregg and Mary Maxwell leave Saturday for Padu-

Marion Sunday.

Richie Pickens says there is always room for one Moore in his Dont fail to attend the enter-

tainment at the Opera House Thursday evening. Miss Melville Glenn spent a few

days in Princeton last week. Miss Hoffman, of Nebo, is the

guest of Miss Berna Langley. Miss Emma Bigham has been on the sick list for several days.

Mr. Homer Butler, of Salem spent Sunday at this place.

Miss Bettie Bigham attended Ed Gray, the clerk at the Crit

Alvin Perry says that the Rose

The entertainment to be given Our editor, Mr. R. C. Walker, is at the Opera House Thursday eve-

Roy Gilbert has charge of one

daughter of Georgia and hope she

1900 finds us at the same old stand, doing business in the same square old way-

Selling Good Goods For

> At the lowest prices, always giving 100 cents worth for the dollar.

The Cash.

This year we hope to do more business with you, promising courteous treatment and the lowest possible prices, and we add just here

Heavy Woolen Goods are offered at Greatly Reduced Prices...

Your account is due and we need the money Thanking you for your liberal patronage in the past, we are your friends

Woods & Fowler



will do better work for a longer time, with less exertion, than any other writing machine. Thousands of satisfied users pronounce

> Perfectly Simple and Simply Perfect.

Let it lighten your business burden. The Smith Premier is especially adapted to the "Touch System" of Typewriting. Smith Premier Typewriter Co

BRYAN'S PLAIN TALK

Discusses Paramount Questions of the Democratic Platform.

EVILS OF REPUBLICAN POLICIES.

Rights of the People in United States and Acquired Territories-Dangers of Imperialism and Militarism-The True Republic.

In response to the tender of the nom-Ination for the presidency by the notification committee of the democracy, at andianapolis, Wednesday, August 8, William J. Bryan said:

Mr. Chairman and Members of the Notiday, and in a more formal manner, accept the nomination which you tender, and I shall at that time discuss the various questions covered by the democratic platform. At may not be out of place, however, to submit a few observations at this time upon the general character of the contest before us, and upon the question which is declared to be of paramount importance

this campaign.
When I say that the contest of 1900 is a contest between democracy on the one hand and plutocracy on the other, I do not mean to say that all our opponents have deliberately chosen to give to organized wealth predominating influence in the affairs of the government, but I do assert that on the important issues of the day the republican party is dominated by those influences which constantly tend to elevate pecuniary considerations and ignore human rights.

In 1859 Lincoln said that the republican party believed in the man and the dollar, but that in case of conflict it believed in the man before the dollar. This is the proper relation which should exist between the two. Man, the handiwork of God, comes first; money, the handiwork of man, so of inferior importance. Man is the mas-Rer, money the servant; but upon all im-portant questions to-day, republican legis-lation tends to make money the master and man the servant.

The maxim of Jefferson, "equal rights to

all and special privileges to none," and the doctrine of Lincoln that this should be a government "of the people, by the people and for the people," are being disregarded and the instrumentalities of government are being used to advance the interests of who are in a position to secure favors from the government.

The Desire of Democracy.

The democratic party is not making war upon the honest acquisition of wealth; it has no desire to discourage industry, econ-my and thrift. On the contrary, it gives to every citizen the greatest possible stimulus to honest toil, when it promises him protection in the enjoyment of the promeeds of his labor. Property rights are most secure when human rights are respected. Democracy strives for a civilization in which every member of society will share according to his merits.

No one has a right to expect from so-ciety more than a fair compensation for the service which he renders to society. If he secures more, it is at the expense of some one else. It is no injustice to him to prevent his doing injustice to another. To him who would, either through class legislation or in the absence of necessary legislation, trespass upon the rights of another, the democratic party says: "Thou shalt not.

Republican Excuses.

Against us are arrayed a comparatively small, but politically and financially powerful, number who really profit by repub lican policies; but with them are associated a large number who, because of their at-tachment to their party name, are giving their support to doctrines antagonistic to the former teachings of their own party. Republicans who used to advocate bimetalism, now try to convince themselves that the gold standard is good; republicans who were formerly attached to the green-back are now seeking an excuse for giv-ing national banks control of the nation's paper money; republicans who used to boast that the republican party was paying off the national debt, are now looking for reasons to support a perpetual and in-creasing debt; republicans who formerly abhorred a trust, now beguile themselves with the delusion that there are good trusts and bad trusts, while, in their minds, the line between the two is becoming more and more obscure; republicans who, in times past, congratulated the country upon the small expense of our standing army are now making light of the objections which are urged against a large increas In the permanent military establishment republicans who gloried in our independ ence when the nation was less powerful now look with favor upon a foreign alliance; republicans who three years ago condemned "forcible annexation" as imand even criminal, are now sure that it is both immoral and criminal to ppose forcible annexation. That partisanp has already blinded many to present dangers is certain; how large a portion of the republican party can be drawn over the new policies remains to be seen For a time republican leaders were ed to deny to opponents the right to criticise the Philippine policy of the administration, but upon investigation they cound that both Lincoln and Clay asserted and exercised the right to criticise a president during the progress of the Mex-

1can war. Instead of meeting the issue boldly and submitting a clear and positive plan for dealing with the Philippine question, the republican convention adopted a platform the larger part of which was devoted to

boasting and self-congratulation.

In attempting to press economic questions upon the country to the exclusion of those which involve the very structure of our government, the republican leaders give new evidence of their abandon-ment of the earlier ideals of the party and of their complete subserviency to pecunlary considerations.

No Evasion.

But they shall not be permitted to evade the stupendous and far-reaching issue which they have deliberately brought into the arena of politics. When the president, supported by a practically unanimous vote of the house and senate, entered upon a war with Spain for the purpose of aiding the struggling patriots of Cuba the country, without regard to party, applauded. Although the democrats recog-nized that the administration would necessarily gain a political advantage from the conduct of a war which, in the very nature of the case, must soon end in a complete victory, they vied with the re-publicans in the support which they gave to the president. When the war was over and the republican leaders began to suggest the propriety of a colonial policy opposition at once manifested itself. When the president finally laid before the senate a treaty which recognized the in-dependence of Cuba, but provided for the cession of the Philippine islands to the United States, the menace of imperialism became so apparent that many preferred might follow rather than take the chance of correcting the errors of the treaty by the independent action of this country.

Trust in the People. I was among the number of those who believed it better to ratify the treaty and end the war, release the volunteers, remove the excuse for war expenditures, and then give to the Filipinos the indepene which might be forced from Spain by a new treaty. view of the criticism which my ac-

the Cubans. I supported this resolution and believe that its adoption prior to the breaking out of hostilities would have prevented bloodshed, and that its adoption at any subsequent time would have ended hostilities.

If the treaty had been rejected, considerable time would have necessarily elapsed before a new treaty could have been agreed upon and ratified, and during that time the question would have been agitating the public mind. If the Bacon resolution had been adopted by the senate and carried out by the president, either at the time of the ratification of the treaty or at any time afterwards, it would have taken the question of imperialism out of politics and left the American people free to deal with their domestic problems. But the resolution was defeated by the vote of the republican vice president, and from that time to this a republican congress has refused to take any action whatever in the matter.

Cowardly Accusations.

When hostilities broke out at Manila, republican speakers and republican edit-ors at once sought to lay the blame upon those who had delayed the ratification of the treaty, and, during the progress of the war, the same republicans have ac-cused the opponents of imperialism of giv-ing encouragement to the Filipinos. This is a cowardly evasion of responsibility.

If it is right for the United States to hold the Philippine islands permanently and imitate European empires in the government of colonies, the republican party ought to state its position and defend it, but it must expect the subject races to protest against such a policy and to resist to the extent of their ability. The Filipinos do not need any encouragement from Amer-icans now living. Our whole history has been an encouragement, not only to the Filipinos but to all who are denied a voice in their own government. If the republicans are prepared to censure all who have used language calculated to make the Filipinos hate foreign domination, let them condemn the speech of Patrick Henry. When he uttered that passionate appeal: "Give me liberty or give me death," he expressed a sentiment which still echoes in the hearts of men. Let them censure Jefferson; of all the statesmen of history, none have used words so offensive to those who would hold their fellows in political bondage. Let them censure Washington, who declared that the colonists must choose between liberty and slavery. Or, if the statute of limitations has run against the sins of Henry and Jefferson and Washington, let them censure Lincoln, whose Gettysburg speech will be quoted in defense of popular government when the present advocates of force and conquest are forgotten.

Some one has said that a truth once spoken can never be recalled. It is true. It goes on and on, and no one can set a limit to its ever widening influence. But if it were possible to obliterate every word written or spoken in defense of the principles set forth in the declaration of independence, a war of conquest would still eave its legacy of perpetual hatred, for it was God Himself who placed in every human heart the love of liberty. He never made a race of people so low in the scale of civilization or intelligence that it would

velcome a foreign master.
Lincoln said that the safety of this nation was not in its fleets, its armies or its forts, but in the spirit which prizes liberty and the heritage of all men, in all lands, every-where; and he warned his countrymen that they could not destroy this spirit without planting the seeds of despotism at their

Those who would have this nation enter upon a career of empire must consider not only the effect of imperialism on the Filipinos, but they must also calculate its effect upon our own nation. We cannot repudiate the principle of self-govern-ment in the Philippines without weakening that principle here.

Paralyzing Imperialism.

Even now we are beginning to see the paralyzing influence of imperialism. Here-tofore, this nation has been prompt to express its sympathy with those who were fighting for civil liberty. While our sphere of activity has been limited to the western hemisphere, our sympathies have not been bounded by the seas. We have felt it due to ourselves and to the world, as well as to those who were struggling for the right to govern themselves, to proclaim the interest which our people have, from the date of their own independence, felt in every contest between human rights and arbitrary power. Three-quarters of a century ago, when our nation was small, the struggles of Greece aroused our people, and Webster and Clay gave eloquent expression to the universal desire for Grecian independence. In 1896, all parties manifested a lively interest in the success of the Cubans, but now when a war is in progress in South Africa, which must result in the extension of the monarchial idea or in the triumph of a republic, the advocates of imperialism in this country dare not say a word in behalf of the Boers. Sympathy for the Boers does not arise from any unfriendliness toward England; the American people are not unfriendly toward the people of any nation. This sympathy is due to the fact that, as stated in our platform, we believe in the principle of self-government and reject, as did our forefathers. the claims of monarchy. If this nation surrenders its belief in the universal application of the principles set forth in the declaration of independence, it will lose the prestige and influence which it has enjoyed among the nations as an ex-

that time. I thought it safer to trust the American people to give independence to the Filipinos than to trust, the accomplishment of that purpose to diplomacy with an untriendly nation. Lincoin embedded an argument in the question, when he asked: "Can allens make treating easier than friends can make laws?" I will be the results of the constitution of the constitution followed the maximum to the public, and the constitution followed the maximum to the probabilities of the constitution followed the maximum to the probabilities of the probabilities o

Increase in Regular Army.

Increase in Regular Army.

If we have an imperial policy we must have a large standing army as its natural and necessary complement. The spirit which will justify the forcible annexation of the Philippine islands will justify the seizure of other islands and the domination of other people, and with wars of conquest we can expect a certain, if not rapid, growth of our military establishment. That a large permanent increase in our regular army is intended by the republican leaders is not a mere matter of conjecture, but a matter of fact. In his message of December 5, 1898, the president asked for authority to increase the standing army to 100,000. In 1896 the army contained about 25,000 men. Within two years the president asked for four times that many, and a republican house of representatives complied with the request after the Spanish treaty had been signed and no country was at war with the United States. If such an army is demanded when an imperial policy is contemplated, but not openly avowed, what may be expected if the people encourage the republican party by indorsing its policy at the polis? A large standing army is not only a pecuniary burden to the people and, if accompanied by compulsory service, a constant source of irritation, but it is ever a menace to a republican form of government. The army is the personification of force, and militarism will inevitably change the ideals of the people and turn the thoughts of our young men from the arts of peace to the science of war. The government which relies for its defense upon its citizens is more likely to be just than one which has at call a large body of professional soldiers. A small standing army and a well equipped and well disciplined state militia are sufficient in ordinary times, and in an emergency the nation should in the future as in the past place its dependence upon the volunteers who come from all occupations at their country's call and return to proas in the past place its dependence upon the as in the past place its dependence upon the volunteers who come from all occupations at their country's call and return to productive labor when their services are no longer required—men who fight when the country needs fighters and work when the country needs workers.

Status of the Filipinos.

Status of the Filipinos.

The republican platform assumes that the Philippine islands will be retained under American sovereignty, and we have a right to demand of the republican leaders a discussion of the future status of the Filipino. Is he to be a citizen or a subject? Are we to bring into the body politic \$,000,000 or 10,000,000 Asiatics, so different from us in race and history that amalgamation is impossible? Are they to share with us in making the laws and shaping the destiny of this nation? No republican of prominence has been bold enough to advocate such a proposition. The McEnery resolution, adopted by the senate immediately after the ratification of the treaty, expressly negatives this idea. The democratic platform describes the situation when it says that the Filipinos cannot be citizens without endangering our civilization. Who will dispute it? And what is the alternative? If the Filipino is not to be a citizen, shall we make him a subject? On that question the democratic platform speaks with emphasis. It declares that the Filipino cannot be a subject without endangering our form of government. A republic can have no subjects. A subject is possible only in a government resting upon force; he is unknown in a government deriving its just powers from the consent of the governed. The republican platform says that "the largest measure of self-government consistent with their welfare and our duties shall be secured to them (the that "the largest measure of self-government consistent with their welfare and our duties shall be secured to them (the Filipinos) by law." This is a strange doctrine for a government which owes its very existence to the men who offered their lives as a protest against government without consent and taxation without representation. In what respect does the position of the republican party differ from the position taken by the English government in 1776? Did not the English government promise a good government. government in 1776? Did not the English government promise a good government to the colonists? What king ever promised a bad government to his people? Did not the English government promise that the colonists should have the largest measure of self-government consistent with their welfare and English duties? Did not the Spanish government promise to give to the Cubans English duties? Did not the Spanish government promise to give to the Cubans the largest measure of self-government consistent with their welfare and Spanish duties? The whole difference between a monarchy and a republic may be summed up in one sentence. In a monarchy the king gives to the people what he believes to be a good government; in a republic the people secure for themselves what they believe to be a good government. The republican party has accepted the European idea and planted itself upon the ground taken by George III. and by every ruler who distrusts the capacity of the people for self-government or denies them a voice in their own affairs.

The President's Will the Only Law

The republican platform promises that The republican platform promises that some measure of self-government is to be given to the Filipinos by law; but, even this pledge is not fulfilled. Nearly 16 months elapsed after the ratification of the treaty before the adjournment of congress last June, and yet no law was passed dealing with the Philippine situation. The will of the president has been the only law in the Philippine islands wherever the American authority extends. Why does the republican party hesitate to legislate upon the Philippine question? Because a law would disclose the radical departure from history and precedent contemplated upon the Philippine question? Because a law would disclose the radical departure from history and precedent contemplated by those who control the republican party. The storm of protest which greeted the Porto Rican bill was an indication of what may be expected when the American people are brought face to face with legislation upon this subject. If the Porto Ricans, who welcome annexation, are to be denied the guarantees of our constitution, what is to be the lot of the Filipinos, who resisted our authority? If secret influences could compel a disregard of our plain duty toward friendly people, living near our shores, what treatment will those same influences provide for unfriendly people 7,000 miles away? If, in this country where the people against the great monopolies which have grown up within the last few years, how can they be trusted to protect the Filipinos from the corporations which are waiting to exploit the islands?

Is the sunlight of full citizenship to be prious of the United States.

has enjoyed among the nations as an exponent of popular government.

Our opponents, conscious of the weakness of their cause, seek to confuse imperialism with expansion, and have even dared to claim Jefferson as a supporter of their policy. Jefferson spoke so freely and used language with such precision that no one can be ignorant of his views. On one occasion he declared: "If there be one principle more deeply rooted than any other in the mind of every American, it is that we should have nothing to dowith conquest." And again he said: "Conquest is not in our principles; it is inconsistent with our government."

Right Kinā of Expansion.

The forcible annexation of territory to be governed by arbitrary power differs as much from the acquisition of territory to be built up into states as a monarchy differs from a democracy. The democratic party does not oppose expansion, when expansion enlarges the area of the repushant to the fact that he enjoys the same conline to fact that he enjoys the same conline to the fact that he enjoys the same conline to the fact that he enjoys the same conline to an an exponent of the united States, and the twilight of semi-citizenship to be enjoyed by the people of Porto Rico, while the thick darkness of perpetual vassalage to the table darkness of perpetual vassalage to the tilek darkness of perpetual vassalage to the tilek darkness of perpetual vassalage to the table darkness of perpetual vassalage to the tilek darkness of perpetual vassalage to the ti

if we had not disputed Spain's title, she could transfer no greater title than she had, and her title was based on force alone. We cannot defend such a title, but, as Spain gave us a quit claim deed, we can honorably turn the property over to the party in possession. Whether any American official gave the Filipinos formal assurance of independence is not material. There can be no doubt that we accepted and utilized the services of the Filipinos, and that when we did so we had full knowledge that they were fighting for their own independence, and I submit that history furnishes no example of turpitude baser than ours if we now substitute our yoke for the Spanish yoke.

Let us consider briefly the reasons which have been given in support of an imperialistic policy. Some say that it is our duty to hold the Philippine islands. But duty is not an argument; it is a conclusion. To ascertain what our duty is, in any emergency, we must apply well-settled and generally accepted principles. It is our duty to avoid stealing, no matter whether the thing to be stolen is of great or little value. It is our duty to avoid killing a human being, no matter where the human being lives or to what race or class he belongs. Everyone recognizes the obligation imposed upon individuals to observe both the human and moral laws, but, as some deny the application of those laws to nations, it may not be out of place to quote the opinion of others. Jefferson, than whom there is no higher political authority, said:

"I know of but one code of morality for men, whether acting singly or collectively."

Franklin, whose learning, wisdom and virtue are a part of the priceless legacy bequeathed to us from the revolutionary days, expressed the same idea in even stronger language when he said:
"Justice is as strictly due between neighbor nations as between neighbor hations as between neighbor between he plunders in a gang as when singly; and the nation that makes an unjust war is only a great gang."

Force Creates No Right.

Force Creates No Right.

Men may dare to do in crowds what the

Men may dare to do in crowds what they would not dare to do as individuals, but the moral character of an act is not cetermined by the number of those who join in it. Force can defend a right, but force has never yet created a right. If it was true, as declared in the resolutions of intervention, that the Cubans "are and of right ought to be free and independent" (language taken from the declaration of independence), it is equally true that the Filipinos "are and of right ought to be free and independent." The right of the Cubans to freedom was not based upon their proximity to the United States, nor upon the language which they spoke, nor yet upon the race or races to which they belonged. Congress by a practically unanimous vote declared that the principles enunciated at Philadelphia in 1776 were still alive and applicable to the Cubans.

Who will draw a line between the natural rights of the Cubans and the Filipinos? Who will say that the former has a right to liberty and that the latter has no rights which we are bound to respect? And, if the Filipinos "are and of right ought to be free and independent," what right have we to force our government upon them without their consent? Before our duty can be ascertained, their rights must be determined, and when their rights are once determined, it is as much our duty to respect those rights as it was the duty of Spain to respect the rights of the people of Cuba, or the duty of England to respect the rights of the people of Cuba, or the duty of England to respect the rights of the people of Cuba, or the duty of England to respect the rights of the saver clash. Can it be our duty to kill those who, following the example of our forefathers, love liberty well enough to fight for it?

Some poet has described the terror which overcame a soldier who, in the midst of battle discovered.

Some poet has described the terror which Some poet has described the terror which overcame a soldier who, in the midst of battle, discovered that he had slain his brother. It is written: "All ye are brethren." Let us hope for the coming of the day when human life—which, when once destroyed, cannot be restored—will be so sacred that it will never be taken except when necessary to punish a crime already committed, or to prevent a crime about to be committed.

If it is said that we have assumed before the world obligations which make it necessary

If it is said that we have assumed before the world obligations which make it necessary for us to permanently maintain a government in the Philippine islands, I reply, first, that the highest obligation of this nation is to be true to itself. No obligation to any particular nation, or to all nations combined, can require the abandonment of our theory of government and the substitution of doctrines against which our whole national life has been a protest. And, second, that our obligations to the Filipinos, who inhabit the islands, are greater than any obligations which we can owe to foreigners who have a temporary owe to foreigners who have a temporary residence in the Philippines or desire to trade there.

Capacity of Self-Government.

Capacity of Self-Government.

It is argued by some that the Filipinos are incapable of self-government and that therefore we owe it to the world to take control of them. Admiral Dewey, in an official report to the navy department, declared the Filipinos more capable of self-government than the Cubans, and said that he based his opinion upon a knowledge of both races. But I will not rest the case upon the relative advancement of the Filipinos. Henry Clay, in defending the rights of the people of South America to self-government, said:

"It is the doctrine of thrones that man

"It is the doctrine of thrones that man is too ignorant to govern himself. Their partisans assert his incapacity in reference to all nations; if they cannot command universal assent to the proposition, it is then remanded to particular nations;

ence to all nations; if they cannot command universal assent to the proposition, it is then remanded to particular nations; and our pride and our presumption too often make converts of us. I contend that it is to arraign the disposition of Providence Himself, to suppose that He has created beings incapable of governing themselves, and to be trampled on by kings. Self-government is the natural government of man."

Clay was right. There are degrees of proficiency in the art of self-government, but it is a reflection upon the Creator to say that He denied to any people the capacity of self-government. Once admit that some people are capable of self-government, and that others are not, and that the capable people have a right to seize upon and govern the incapable, ead you make force—brute force—the only foundation of government and invite the reign of the despot. I am not willing to believe that an all-wise and an all-loving God created the Filipinos, and then left them thousands of years helpless until the islands attracted the attention of European nations.

Republicans ask: "Shall we haul down the flag that floats over our dead in the Philippines?" The same question might have been asked when the American flag floated over Chapultepec and waved over the dead who fell there; but the tourist who visits the City of Mexico finds there a national cemetery owned by the United States and cared for by an American citizen. Our flag still floats over our dead, but when the treaty with Mexico was signed American authority withdrew to the Rio Grande, and I venture the opinion that during the last 50 years the people of Mexico have made more progress under the stimulus of independence and self-government than they would have made under a carpet-bag government held in place by bayonets. The United States and Mexico, friendly republics, are each self-government than they would have made under a carpet-bag government held in place by bayonets. The United States and Mexico, friendly republics, are each self-government as the no icy, disguised as

Responsibility of the Nation. "Can we not govern colonies?" we are sked. The question is not what we can but what we ought to do. This nation can do whatever it desires to do, but it must accept responsibility for what it does. If the constitution stands in the way, the people can amend the constitution. I repeat, the nation can do whatever it desires to do, but it cannot avoid the natural and legitimate results of its own conduct. The young man upon reaching his majority can do what he pleases. He can disregard the teachings of his parents; he can trample upon all that he has been taught to consider sacred; he can disobey the laws of the state, the laws of society and the laws of God. He can stamp failure upon his life and make his very existence a curse to his fellow men, and he can bring his father and mother in sorrow to the grave; but he cannot annul the sentence: "The wages of sin is death." And so with this nation. It is of age, and it can do what it pleases; it can spurn the traditions of the past; it can repudiate the principles upon which the nation rests; it can employ force instead of reason; it can substitute might for right; it can conquer weaker people; it can exploit their lands, appropriate their property and kill their people; but it cannot repeal the moral law or escape the punishment decreed for the violation of human rights.

"Would we tread in the paths of tyranny,
Nor reckon the tyrant's cost?
Who taketh another's liberty,
His freedom is also lost.
Would we win as the strong have ever won,
Make ready to pay the debt,
For the God who reigned over Babylon
Is the God who is reigning yet."

Some argue that American rule in the Philippine islands will result in the better education of the Filipinos. Be not deceived. If we expect to maintain a colonial policy we shall not find it to our advantage to educate the people. The educated Filipinos are now in revolt against us, and the most ignorant ones have made the least resistance to our domination. If we are to govern them without their consent and give them no voice in determining the taxes which they must pay, we dare not educate them, lest they learn to read the declaration of independence and the constitution of the United States and mock us for our inconsistency. us for our inconsistency.

The principal arguments, however, advanced by those who enter upon a defense

vanced by those who enter upon a defense of imperialism are:
First, That we must improve the present opportunity to become a world power and enter into international politics.
Second, That our commercial interests in the Philippine islands and in the orient make it necessary for us to hold the islands permanently.
Third, That the spread of the Christian religion will be facilitated by a colonial policy.

Fourth, That there is no honorable re-

from the position which the nation nas taken.

The first argument is addressed to the nation's pride and the second to the nation's pocketbook. The third is intended for the church member and the fourth for the partisan.

Growth of a Principle.

It is a sufficient answer to the first argument to say that for more than a century this nation has been a world power. For ten decades it has been the most potent influence in the world. Not only has it been a world power, but it has done more to affect the politics of the human race than all the other nations of the world combined. Because our declaration of independence was promulgated, others have been promulgated. Because the patriots of 1776 fought for liberty others have fought for it; because our constitution was adopted, other constitutions have been adopted. The growth of the principle of self-government, planted on American soil, has been the overshadowing political fact of the nineteenth century. It has made this nation conspicuous among the nations and given it a place in history such as no other nation has ever enjoyed. Nothing has been able to check the onward march of this idea. I am not willing that this nation snall cast aside the omnipotent weapon of truth to seize again the weapon of physical warfare. I would not exchange the glory of this republic for the glory of all the empires that have risen and fallen since time began. It is a sufficient answer to the first argu-

pegan.
The permanent chairman of the last re-

The permanent chairman of the last republican national convention presented the pecuniary argument in all its boldness, when he said:

"We make no hypocritical pretenses of being interested in the Philippines solely on account of others. While we regard the welfare of these people as a sacred trust, we regard the welfare of the American people first. We see our duty to ourselves as well as to others. We believe in trade expansion. By every legitimate means within the province of government and constitution, we mean to stimulate the expansion of our trade and open new markets."

This is the commercial argument. It is based upon the theory that war can be rightly waged for pecuniary advantage, and that it is profitable to purchase trade by force and violence. Franklin denied both of these propositions. When

trade by force and violence. Franklin denied both of these propositions. When Lord Howe asserted that the acts of parliament, which brought on the revolution, were necessary to prevent American trade from passing into foreign channels, Franklin replied:

"To me it seems that neither the obtaining nor retaining of any trade, how

"To me it seems that neither the obtaining nor retaining of any trade, how valuable seever, is an object for which men may justly spill each other's blood; that the true and sure means of extending and securing commerce are the goodness and cheapness of commodities, and that the profits of no trade can ever be equal to the expense of compelling it and holding it by fleets and armies. I consider this war against us, therefore, as

holding it by fleets and armies. I consider this war against us, therefore, as both unjust and unwise."

I place the philosophy of Franklin against the sordid doctrine of those who would put a price upon the life of an American soldier and justify a war of conquest upon the ground that it will pay. The democratic party is in favor of the expansion of trades. It would extend our trade by every legitimate and peaceful

The democratic party is in favor of the expansion of trades. It would extend our trade by every legitimate and peaceful means; but it is not willing to make merchandise of human blood.

But a war of conquest is as unwise as it is unrighteous. A harbor and coaling station in the Philippines would answer every trade and military necessity and such a concession could have been secured at any time without difficulty.

It is not necessary to own people in order to trade with them. We carry on trade to-day with every part of the world, and our commerce has expanded more rapidly than the commerce of any European empire. We do not own Japan or China, but we trade with their people. We have not absorbed the republics of Central and South America, but we trade with them. It has not been necessary to have any political connections with Canada or the nations of Europe in order to trade with them. Trade cannot be permanently profitable unless it is voluntary. When trade is secured by force, the cost of securing it and retaining it must be taken out of the profits, and the profits are never large enough to cover the expense. Such a system would never be defended but for the fact that the expense is borne by all the people, while the profits are enjoyed by the few.

Evils of Imperialism.

Evils of Imperialism.

Imperialism would be profitable to the army contractors; it would be profitable to the shipowners, who would carry live soldiers to the Philippines and bring dead soldiers back; it would be profitable to those who would seize upon the franchises, and it would be profitable to those who would seize upon the franchises, and it would be profitable to the officials whose salaries would be fixed here and paid over there; but to the farmer, to the laboring man and to the vast majority of those engaged in other occupations, it would bring expenditure without return and risk without reward.

Farmers and laboring men have, as a rule, small incomes, and, under systems which place the tax upon all consumption, pay more than their fair share of the expenses of government. Thus the very people who receive least benefit from imperialism will be injured most by the military burdens which accompany it.

In addition to the evils which he and the farmer share in common, the laboring man will be the first to suffer if oriental subjects.

In addition to the evils which he and the farmer share in common, the laboring man will be the first to suffer if oriental subjects seek work in the United States; the first to suffer if American capital leaves our shores to employ oriental labor in the Philippines to supply the trade of China and Japan; the first to suffer from the violence which the military spirit arouses, and the first to suffer when the methods of imperialism are applied to our own government. government. It is not strange, therefore, that the labor

organizations have been quick to note approach of these dangers and promp protest against both militarism and

protest against both militarism and imperialism.

The pecuniary argument, though more effective with certain classes, is not likely to be used so often or presented with so much emphasis as the religious argument. If what has been termed the "gunpowder receive" were urged against the Elliphone If what has been termed the "gunpowder gospel" were urged against the Filipinos anly, it would be a sufficient answer to say that a majority of the Filipinos are now

members of one branch of the Christian church; but the principle involved is one of much wider application and challenges serious consideration.

The religious argument varies in positiveness from a passive belief that Providence delivered the Filipinos into our hands, for their good and our glory, to the exultation of the minister who said that we ought to "thrash the natives (Filipinos) until they understand who we are," and that "every bullet sent, every cannon shot and every flag waved means righteousness."

No Gatling Gossip.

No Gatling Gossip.

We cannot approve of this doctrine in one place unless we are willing to apply it everywhere. If there is poison in the blood of the hand it will ultimately reach the heart. It is equally true that forcible Christianity, if planted under the American flag in the far-away orient, will sooner or later be transplanted upon American soil. If true Christianity consists in carrying out in our daily lives the teachings of Christ, who will say that we are commanded to civilize with dynamite and proselyte with the sword? He who would declare the Divine will must prove his authority either by Holy Writ or by evidence of a special dispensation. The command, "Go ye into all the world and preach the Gospel to every creature," has no Gatling gun attachment. When Jesus visited a village of Samaria and the people refused to receive Him, some of the disciples suggested that fire should be called down from Heaven to avenge the insuit; but the Master rebuked them, and said: "Ye know not what manner of spirit ye are of; for the Son of Man is not come to destroy men's lives, but to save them." Suppose He had said: "We will thrash them until they understand who we are," how different would have been the history of Christianity! Compare, if you will, the swaggering, bullying, brutal doctrine of imperialism with the Golden Rule and the commandment, "Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself."

Love, not force, was the weapon of the Nazarene; sacrifice for others, not the ex-

the Golden Rule and the commandment, "Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself."

Love, not force, was the weapon of the Nazarene; sacrifice for others, not the exploitation of them, was His method of reaching the human heart. A missionary recently told me that the stars and stripes once saved his life because his assailant recognized our flag as a flag that had no blood upon it. Let it be known that our missionaries are seeking souls instead of sovereignty; let it be known that instead of being the advance guard of conquering armies, they are going forth to help and to uplift, having their loins girt about with truth and their feet shod with the preparation of the Gospel of Peace, wearing the breastplate of righteousness and carrying the sword of the Spirit; let it be known that they are the clizens of a nation which respects the rights of the citizens of other nations as carefully as it protects the rights of its own citizens, and the welcome given to our missionaries will be more cordial than the welcome extended to the missionaries of any other nation.

The argument, made by some, that it was unfortunate for the nation that it had anything to do with the Philippine islands, but that the naval victory at Manila made the permanent acquisition of those islands necessary, is also unsound. We won a victory at Santiago, but that did not compel us to hold Cuba. The shedding of American blood in the Philippine islands does not make it imperative that we should retain possession forever; American blood was shed at San Juan hill and El Caney, and yet the president has promised the Cubans independence. The fact that the American flag floats over Manila does not compel us to exercise perpetual sovereignty over the islands; that flag waves over Havana to-day, but the president has promised to haul it down when the flag of the Cuban republic is ready to rise in its place. Better a thousand times that our flag in the orient give way to a flag representing the idea of self-government than that the flag of this republic shou

An Honorable Solution.

There is an easy, honest, honorable solution of the Philippine question. It is set forth in the democratic platform and it is submitted with confidence to the American people. This plan I unreservedly indorse. If elected, I shall convene congress in extraordinary session as soon as I am inaugurated, and recommend an immediate declaration of the nation's purpose, first, to establish a stable form of government in the Philippine islands, just as we are now establishing a stable form of government in the island of Cuba; second, to give independence to the Filipinos, just as we have promised to give independence to the Cubans; third, to protect the Filipinos from outside interference while they work out their destiny, just as we have protected the republics of Central and South America, and are, by the Monroe doctrine, pledged to protect Cuba. An European protectorate often results in the exploitation of the ward by the guardian. An American protectorate gives to the nation protected the advantage of our strength, without making it the victim of our greed. For three-quarters of a century the Monroe doctrine has been a shield to neighboring republics and yet it has imposed no pecuniary burden upon us. After the Filipinos had aid-There is an easy, honest, honorable solu-

tage of our strength, without making it the victim of our greed. For three-quarters of a century the Monroe doctrine has been a shield to neighboring republics and yet it has imposed no pecuniary burden upon us. After the Filipinos had aided us in the war against Spain, we could not honorably turn them over to their former masters; we could not leave them to be the victims of the ambitious designs of the European nations, and since we do not desire to make them a part of us, or to hold them as subjects, we propose the only alternative, namely, to give them independence and guard them against molestation from without.

When our opponents are unable to defend their position by argument they fall back upon the assertion that it is destiny, and insist that we must submit to it, no matter how much it violates moral precepts and our principles of government. This is a complacent philosophy. It obliterates the distinction between right and wrong and makes individuals and nations the helpless victims of circumstances.

Destiny is the subterfuge of the invertebrate, who, lacking the courage to oppose error, seeks some plausible excuse for supporting it. Washington said that the destiny of the republican form of government was deeply, if not finally, staked on the experiment intrusted to the American people. How different Washington's definition of destiny from the republican definition. The republicans say that this nation is in the hands of destiny; Washington believed that not only the destiny of the republican form of government throughout the world was intrusted to American hands. Washington was right. The destiny of this republic is in the hands of its own people, upon the success of the experiment here rests the hope of humanity. No exterior force can disturb this republic, and no foreign influence should be permitted to change its course. What the future has in store for this nation no one has authority to declare, but each individual has his own idea of the nation's mission and he owes it to his country as well

wisdom and courage and sacrifices brought this republic into existence.

I can conceive of a national destiny surpassing the glories of the present and the past—a destiny which meets the responsibilities of to-day and measures up to the possibilities of the future. Behold a republic, resting securely upon the foundation stones quarried by revolutionary patriots from the mountain of eternal truth—a republic applying in practice and proclaiming to the world the self-evident proposition; that all men are created equal; that they are endowed with inalienable rights; that governments are instituted among men to secure these rights; that governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed. Behold a republic in which civil and religious liberty stimulates all to earnest endeavor and in which the law restrains every hand uplifted for a neighbor's injury—a republic in which covery citizen is a sovereign, but in which no one cares to wear a cown. Behold a republic standing erect while empires all around are bowed beneath the weight of their own armaments—a republic whose flag is loved while other flags are only republic standing electrons around are bowed beneath the weight of their own armaments—a republic whose flag is loved while other flags are only feared. Behold a republic increasing in population, in wealth, in strength and in influence, solving the problems of civilization and hastening the coming of a universal brotherhood—a republic which shakes thrones and dissolves aristocracies by its silent example and gives light and inspiration to those who sit in darkness. Behold a republic gradually but surely becoming the supreme moral factor in the world's progress and the accepted arbiter of the world's disputes—a republic whose history, like the path of the just, "is as the shining light that shineth more and more into the perfect day."

Life at NOME CITY, ALASKA

A Big Town Where Eating Is Indeed a Luxury

districts of sparsely settled countries. Absolutely unknown two years ago, located in a region shunned by all save a few Esquimau traders, it is to-day stoop long enough to transfer it to

Just one year ago the first announce-

OME CITY is destined to go down in a ces everything and everybody is cal-in history as the most wonder- culated to shake one's faith in huful of the many mushroom manity. Everybody is "on the make," towns which at various times have from the trader who sells poor mersprung up over night in the mining chandise at fantastic prices to the bedecked and bedizened "soubrettes" in the dance halls back of the beach. Lumber yards, restaurants and bak.

eries do a rushing business. The poorthe Mecca of a vast multitude of gold est kind of lumber sells readily at \$150 hunters who were drawn to its in- a thousand and coal is in brisk demand hospitable shores by wild reports of at \$80 a ton. Canned goods sell at half auriferous wealth that could be picked | a dollar a can, no matter what their up on the streets by anyone willing to contents may be, excepting condensed milk, which can be had at 35 cents a can. Potatoes are 5 cents a pound; butter, \$1 per pound and a half; doughment of Nome's alleged golden sands nuts, 50 cents per dozen; eggs, 50 reached the press of the United States. | cents a dozen, and flour is \$4 for a 50-Nuggets as large as hen's eggs, it was pound sack. The restaurant keepers said, were found by the score; and a are still more unreasonable, as the number of men who had reached the following extracts from a recent bill foggy Alaska cape in June returned to of fare will show: Corned beef hash, San Francisco in the fall, bringing with \$1; Boston baked beans, 50 cents; bacon



CITY OF NOME AS IT APPEARED LATE IN JUNE.

GRAND ARMY Encampment

What CHICAGO Is Doing to Make It a Success

THE various committees in Connecticut. Massachusetts, New Jercharge of the preparations for sey, Maine, California and Nevada, the annual encampment of the Rhode Island, New Hampshire, Ver Grand Army of the Republic, which mont, District of Columbia, Virginia

will be held in Chicago during the and North Carolina, Maryland, Ne-

last week of August, have completed braska, Michigan, Iowa, Indiana, Colo-

their preliminary work, and are now rado and Wyoming, Kansas, Delaware,

awaiting the arrival of their honored Minnesota, Missouri, Oregon, Kenguests. It is estimated that fully 50,- tucky, West Virginia, South Dakota,

000 veterans will participate in this Washington and Alaska, Arkansas,

year's grand parade, and hoped that New Mexico, Utah, Tennessee, Louis-

both in number of visitors and in the | iana and Mississippi, Florida, Mon-

arrangements for their comfort the tana, Texas, Idaho, Arizona, Georgia, Chicago meeting will surpass every- Alabama, North Dakota, Oklahoma,

worked especially hard, and the result | nounces that among the distinguished of its labors has been highly commend- visitors will be the president of the

ed by the artist; of Chicago. Aside United States, most of the members of

from the appropriate decoration of his cabinet, scores of United States sen-

the down-town streets, the commit- ators and representatives, the Span-

Indian Territory and Illinois

The committee on invitations and

them a fat harvest of yellow lumps and | and eggs, \$1; sirloin steak, \$2.50; pora fund of stories unparalleled for the terhouse steak, \$3; lamb chops, \$1.50; magnificence of their mendacity. Prospectors from Dawson and other Klondike mining camps, carried away by the superlativeness of the tales they had heard, forsook well-paying claims and undertook dangerous winter journeys to reach the new Eldorado in time to have the choice of claims. Fortune left their homes early in the spring so as to secure passage in the first ship from San Francisco or Seattle.

but the spirit of selfishness which dom- in their surroundings.

thing in the history of the order.

The committee on decorations has

pork chops, \$1.75; pork sausage, \$1.50; Hamburger steak, \$1; hot cakes and coffee, 50 cents; pies, 50 cents; coffee, tea or cocoa, 25 cents. Water is very

hunters from the states and Canada to-morrow labor naturally is hard to ceive \$1 per hour; mechanics, \$1.50 an hour, and teams, \$10 an hour. The city On the first day of June Nome City administration is unable to obtain sufhad a population of 2.700-30 days later | nicient help to remove the garbage and it was a booming, bustling town of filth of the monster camp, and disease 25,000, with a municipal government, is consequently claiming scores of vicchurches and newspapers. Buildings of tims every day. The government offisome size, rough lumber shanties and cials are as helpless as the mayor and tents, irregularly located along the can do nothing toward bringing order beach, without regard for comfort or out of chaos. The apathy of the peosanitary conditions, the entire popu- ple, as far as sanitation is concerned, lation confined to two streets, that is is described as "appalling;" and as the the metropolis of Alaska, the north- days go by without bringing the forernmost city in the western hemis- tune they had hoped for many come phere. Its inhabitants are peaceful to the conclusion that it is cheaper to folk, as miners and goldseekers go; die than to live and lose all interest

bad and full of disease germs and costs from 7 to 10 cents per gallon. In a country where the pauper of to-day expects to be the millionaire of obtain. Common laborers ask and re-

Superior to all So-Called Tasteless Tonics. Because it is acceptable to the most delicate stomach. Does not sicken, nauseate or produce a bad taste. Each dose contains the same proportion of medicine. Half the medicine does not stick to the bottle. No shaking of the bottle required—the component parts are thoroughly assimilated. It has a pleasant taste. Formula: Quinine, Iron and Pepsin. Drives out Malarial Poisons! Purifies the Blood! Strengthens the Nerves! Produces a hearty appetite! The Best Tonic Known! Price, 50 cents. Cure guaranteed. For sale by druggists.

A Bitter Drop in Joy's Cup.—"Did the bride seem happy?" "No; the society magazine put her wedding eleventh in a column of 13."—Indianapolis Journal.

It requires no experience to dye with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Simply boiling your goods in the dye is all that's necessary. Sold by all druggists.

The benefactions of love are not original with us, but were ordained and predestined to our souls by the eternal goodness whence they come.—Boston Transcript.

To Cure a Cold in One Day The tripping feet—the sparkling Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Aldruggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c

"Past master of political arts, eh? Is there any higher degree?" "Oh, yes, postmaster, you know."—Detroit Journal. These graces are the right-aye duty of every woman until the hair

Indigestion is a bad companion. Get rid of it by chewing a bar of Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti after each meal.

What profiteth a man if he wins the jackloses on the next day's races?-

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price,50c.

"No, Geraldine, the partition of China is of the same thing as the Chinese wall. Indianapolis News.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. Endsley, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Man's economy is in tellin' his wife how to save money.—Arkansaw Thomas Cat, Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is taken Internally. Price 75c. Only fools fight friction; the wise reduce it.—Boston Transcript. CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought

If you will buy three

Old Virginia Cheroots

and smoke them to-day you will get the greatest amount of comfort and satisfaction that 5 cents will buy in a smoke, and get it three times over! You haven't any idea how good they are and cannot have until you try them. Try three to-day instead of a 5c. cigar.

Three hundred million Old Virginia Cheroots smoked this year. Ask your own dealer. Price, 3 for 5 cents.

THE ONE MEDICINE

eye-the graceful movement-be-

long not alone to the budding maiden.

whitens-and regal dignity replaces

The mother who guards her strength has so much more to de-

vote to the care and education of her dear ones. She should be a

Yet how many feel that they

have the strength to properly bal-

ance the home? The world is list-less, weary and morbid. Its blood

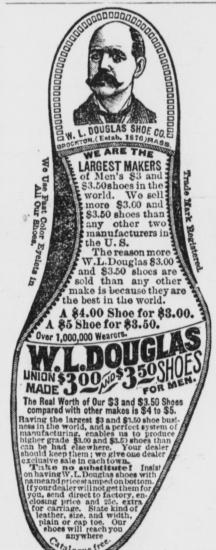
moves sluggishly and is full of im-

purities. It needs a kindling, invigorating tonic to set it afire—it

comfort—a cheer—always.

needs Pe-ru-na,

in the world which women may rely upon positively. Pe-ru-na is good for everyone, but particularly for women. The various weaknesses which afflict their delicate organism spring from inflammation or catarrh of the mucous lining, and Pe-ru-na is a specific for catarrh in any organ of the body. Any congestion of a mucous membrane simply means catarrh of the organ affected. This is why Pe-ru-na cures all sorts of troubles where other remedies fail. If there is a catarrhal affection the matter with you anywhere Pe-ru-na will cure you.



Summer Resorts.

Many delightful summer resorts are sit-ated on and reached via Southern Railuated on and reached via Southern Railway. Whether one desires the seaside or the mountain, the fashionable hotels or country homes, they can be reached via this

country homes, they can be reached via this magnificent highway of travel.

Asheville, N. C., Hot Springs, N. C., Hale Springs, Tenn., Roan Mountain, Tenn., and the Mountain resorts of East Tennessee and Western North Carolina—"The Land of the Sky"—Tate Springs, Tenn., Oliver Springs, Tenn., Lookout Mountain, Tenn., Monte Sano, Huntsville, Ala., Lithia Springs, Ga., and various Virginia springs; also the seashore resorts, are reached by the Southern Railway on convenient schednles and very low rates.

the Southern Railway on convenient schedules and very low rates.

The Southern Railway has issued a handsome folder, entitled "Summer Homes and Resorts," descriptive of nearly one thousand summer resorts, hotels and boarding houses, including information regarding rates for board at the different places.

Write to C. A. Benscoter, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Southern Railway, Chattanooga, Tenn., for a copy of this folder.

His Point of View.

Fair Medical Student-What do you think of women for physicians?
Old Doctor—I think they are all right.
Why, we derive two-thirds of our income from women.—Chicago Evening News.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn? Shake into your shoes, Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes Feel Easy. Cures Corns, Itching, Swollen, Hot, Callous, Smarting, Sore and Sweating Feet. All Druggists and Shoe Stores sell it, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Goodness without graciousness is ugly and toad-like; if he has a jewel, it is of the head and not of the heart.—Boston Tran-

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Tells all about Winchester Rifles, Shotguns, and Ammunition

Send name and address on a postal now. Don't delay if you are interested. WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO.

(Teething Powders)

Allays irritation, Aids Digestion, Regulates the Bowels, Strengthens the Child, Makes Teething Easy. TEETHINA Relieves the Bowel Costs only 25 cents at Druggists, or mail 25 cents to C. J. MOFFETT, M. D., ST. LOUIS, MO.

HOME-MADE PILLS

Get the LIVER and STOMACH in good condition. (Price, 25c at druggists or send 25c to Schuh's Home-Made Pills act directly on the Bile. SCHUH DRUG CO, Cairo, III. thoroughly CLEANSING THE SYSTEM.

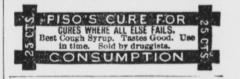
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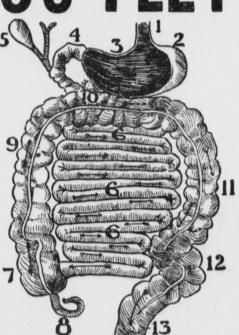
rangements of the Stomach,
Liver and Bowels.
If your druggist don't keep it, and won't order it for you,
Write the Sierra Pharmaceutical Co., St. Louis, No.

LADIES! When Doctors and others fail to relieve you, try N. F. M. R.; it never fails. Box free. Mrs. B. A. Rowan, Milwaukee, Wis.

FRANKLIN COLLEGE New Athens, O. \$130 a year. Cata A. N. K.-F



READERS OF THIS PAPER DESIRING TO BUY ANYTHING ADVERTISED IN ITS COLUMNS SHOULD INSIST UPON HAVING WHAT THEY ASK FOR, REFUSING ALL SUBSTITUTES OR IMITATIONS



are packed away in your insides and must be kept clean. in order and doing business.

It's a long way, with many turns and pitfalls to catch the refuse and clog the channel if not most carefully cleaned out every day.

When this long canal is blockaded, look out for trouble—furred tongue, bad breath, belching of gases, yellow spots, pimples and boils, headaches, spitting up of food after eating—an all-around disgusting nuisance.

> Violent pill poisons or griping salts are dangerous to use for cleaning out the bowels. They force out the obstruction by causing violent spasms of the bowels, but they leave the intestines weak and even less able to keep up regular movements than before, and make a larger dose necessary next time.

Then you have the pill habit, which kills more people than the morphine and whiskey habits combined.

The only safe, gentle but certain bowel cleansers are sweet, fragrant CASCARETS, because they don't force out the foecal matter with violence, but act as a tonic on the whole 30 feet of bowel wall, strengthen the muscles and restore healthy, natural action. Buy and try them! (Look out for imitations and substitutes or you can't get results. Cascarets are never sold in bulk. Look for the trade-mark, the long-tailed "C" on the box.) You will find that in an entirely natural way your bowels will be promptly and permanently

Made CLEAN and STRONG by ALL 10c. **DRUGGISTS** 25c. 50c.

To any needy mortal, who can't afford to buy, we will mail a box free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York.

eole Will Restore those Gray Hairs Creole" Hair Restorer is a Perfect Dressing and Restorer. Price \$1.00



G. A. R. COURT OF HONOR, MICHIGAN BOULEVARD, CHICAGO.

the street, forming a magnificent colonnade, broken only by the pylons which will flank the reviewing stand. large hotel bills have been completed One of the arches will be dedicated to by the Chicago board of education and tion will equal the famous Dewey col- at the disposal of the grand army en-

surpass it. by Pennsylvania, Ohio, New York, August 25 to 30.

One of the arches is tobe placed at | with their staffs, and Col. William Jen-Van Buren street and Michigan av- nings Bryan, democratic nominee for enue, the other at Park row and the president. All of these have formally avenue. The arches will be con- accepted the invitations sent them, and nected by Corinthian columns, placed | many others will no doubt be added to at regular intervals on both sides of this list before the end of the month,

Preparations for the entertainment of veterans who do not feel able to pay the army, the other to the navy, and an order has been issued directing the each w.ll bear bas-relief panels por- janitors of school buildings to place all traying some famous triumph of assembly halls, corridors, playrooms, arms. In general effect this decora- gymnasiums and kindergarten rooms onnade at New York. In length it will tertainment committee. These rooms will be furnished with comfortable cots The formation of the grand parade and decorated with flags, and the stars by states has also been agreed upon. and stripes will be displayed on the Wisconsin will head the line, followed school premises day and night from

GLADSTONE.

The public school convenes at this place next Monday. Mr. F. E. Davis will have charge of the youngsters.

Our post office now has two mails a day, by the morning and evening trains. This much needed improvement in our mail service is due to the energy of postmaster Hinchey.

Mrs. Russell's flower garden is a thing of beauty and elicits universal admiration, especially from passengers on the

We have a grist mill here which steams up regularly every Saturday, but all the same we have to visit either Marion or Blackford whenever the meal barrel is

Great praise is due our road overseer and his hands for the good job of work done on the Hoods creek hill. They have certainly brought order out of chaos.

I learn that Col. Posey contemplates reopening his valuable coal mine at this place. It is said the locomotive engineers pronounce this the finest steaming coal on the entire line of road, and the whole output of the mine would be taken by trains of the I. C. This mine would pay if worked systematically.

TOLU.

Miss Willie Warten, of Carrsville, is visiting the family of Mr. Forest Harris.

Walter Black and family departed last week for McKenzie Tenn., where Walter has employment in a Mill.

Dr. J. D. Warford amputated Jack Tinsley's arm just below the elbow, on last Wednesday. Jack is getting on dance of this sort of hay will be harvestnicely up to this writing. A cancer on his arm was the cause of the operation. Drs. Clackman, of Illinois, and Worten, of Carrsville, assisted in the operation.

Miss Leta Kinkham of Elizabethtown, is visiting Miss Katie Warford, of this place.

Mrs. Dr. Warford is on the sick list. C. E. Weldon, wife and little son, Harry, went to Salem Saturday and returned Sunday.

Rev, Miley filled the pulpit for Bro-Dupuyi Sunday and Sunday night.

Miss Hilda Bean, of Cave-in-Rock, Ill. is stopping with Dr. J. D. Warford's family this week.

Rev. Crider from Hardin county, Ill., held a protracted meeting at Pleasant Hill church, and fifteen baptisms resulted.

APPLEGATE.

Some few of the farmers have not threshed wheat yet owing to the fact that the thresher has not been around. Tobacco has come out wonderfully in

the past two weeks. School commences at Gladstone on

Monday, Aug. 20.

George Drury is talking of moving to Marshall County.

The protracted meeting at Rosebud

closed Sunday. Credit is due Wit Samuels for the splendid condition in which he has put the Gladstone hill. Will other overseers

Zola, the little girl of F. E. Davis, is very sick with spinal affection.

take a pattern from this?

Quarterly meeting at Rose Bud, also "Mission Rally" Fri., Sat., and Sun. Mrs. Molly Stone, of Tolu, visited

friends and relatives here last week. A protracted meeting is progressing splendedly at Baker.

School commences at this place Monday, Aug. 28th.

There is talk of the Gladstone mines starting up soon.

FREDONIA.

A large crowd from town and vicinity attended the camp-meeting at Piney Sunday.

Miss May Garner has returned from a lengthy visit to relatives near Crider. Will Stegar, of Princeton, was in town

Ed Maxwell, of Dogwood, and Miss Minnie Guess attended camp-meeting Sunday

Farmers are anxious to prepare their land for sowing wheat but it is to dry to plow well.

Dr. J. N. Todd a professional call to Repton last Sunday. He is very popular and has very extensive practice.

Mrs. Carrie Rieter attended the fair at Princeton Saturday.

H. C. Marlow and family moved to Paducah Tuesday.

Rev. Hogard filled his appointment at

the M. E. church last Sunday. Rev. Reed, of Kelsey, has been quite

sick for the past few weeks. Mrs. Ed Rice is at Dawson.

Miss Bertie Guess of White Sulphur returned home last Sunday.

The Misses Buckner gave a social last Friday evening in honor of their visitors. The two weeks meeting at the C. M E., Church commenced last Sunday.

Rev. J. P. Halsell will preach at the C. P. Church August 19th on the sub ject of Temperance and Good Citizenship. Everybody invited to come and

DYCUSBURG.

Mr. Finus Dunn, of Paducah was in town Saturday.

Miss Annie Newcomb is visiting in Repton this week. Lewis Clifton, of Marion. was in town

Mrs. Ella Charles is visiting friends at

Cumberland Valley this week. C. T. Glenn was visiting in the coun

try Sunday. Tom P. Moore, of Paducah, was in

town a few days last week. The farmers in this section are done thrashing wheat.

CARRSVILLE.

Dr. and Mrs. Will Gardner visited in Lola last week.

Merchant J. H. Rutter took sick while attending the Hampton camp-meeting. He is some better now.

Mrs. Dr. Lowery, of Blackwell, I. T. came in on an extended visit last Saturday. She reports things blooming in the Territory.

W. Hugh Watson is confined to his room on the account of an abscess formation at the root of his tooth, which has assumed an aggravating form.

Prof. L. P. Sunderland and wife are are visiting in Crittenden county this Forest Brewer began his term of

school at Amerine last Monday. Miss Nannie Campbell also began a

school at Barnett. Harvesting the pea crop hay is now the orber of the day. Quite an abuned in our neighborhood.

Resolutions of Respect.

ZION HILL LODGE, No. 371, F. & A. M. Whereas, An All-wise Providence has een fit to call from his earthly labors to peace and rest beyond the River our beloved brother, Dr. W. F. Truitt on Aug.

the first 1900, therefore be it Resolved, that in the death of Bro Truitt this lodge has lost one of its true and faithful members, the community a competent physician, his family a kind and affectionate husband and father.

Resolved that we tender to his sorrowng family our sincere sympathy in this trying hour and commend them to Him, who is indeed a source of comfort in

distress. That e copy of these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of the lodge, a copy sent to his family and a copy be sent to the Crittenden Press for publica-

That we wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days.

E. S. Travis, J. T. Lamb, J. S. Heath.

City Ordinance.

You are hereby notified to clean up and disinfect your premises with fresh lime and you must burn or remove all trash or refuse such as decaying vegetable or animal matter, and clean out and keep clean all privies and water closets and disinfect them with fresh lime. Upon your failure to do so within three days after receiving this notice you will be prosecuted for maintaining a nuisance This Aug. 15, 1900.

J. O. DIXON, W. D. CANNAN, Com. on Health and Sanitary J. W. BLUE. JR., Mayor.

For 60 Days

Best molasses, 25 cts. Set glasses, 15cts. Set goblets, 20cts. Cups and saucers, 20cts. Plates, 25cts.
MASON'S FRUIT JARS Porcelean top

Pints per dozen 50 cts. Quarts " 60 " ½ gal " 75 ". Best country bacon, 10 cts. Lard 10 cts. Best fruit jar rubbers 5 cts, a doz. 5 box matches 5cts. Soda per lb. 3cts.

Pepper, best quality 15 cts.
Best Baking powder, 4cts.
Coffee, per pkg., 12½ cts.
Extra good green coffee 8 lbs for \$1.00. Water Buckets 10 cents.

Brooms 15 and 20 cts.
4 bars good laundry soap, 5 cts.
Irish potatoes 25 cts per bushel.
Onions 60 " " " 10 cts. 1 gal.

12 gal. 15 ". Oil cans Galvanized, 20 cts. Oil cans, 5 gal., 75 cts. 7 boxes axle grease 25 cts, 2 boxes of lye 15 cts. 2 boxes of lye 15 cts. PEACH SEED WANTED.

I will guarantee 30 cents per bushel for all good dry peach seed, until Oct. 15, 1900.

Dried apples and peaches will be fair prices this season. Better dry all you can. I want 75,000 pounds of each.
I want your produce. I will also commence receiving Old Iron, Rags and Bones.

Schwab.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

Bigham Lodge, No 256, F. & A. M.

Regular meetings Saturday night before full moon in each month Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend. J. G. GILBERT, W. M.

J. B. KEVIL, Secretary, CRITTENDEN CHAPTER, NO. 70, R. A. M., meets regularly Saturday night after full moon in each month. WINGATE COUNCIL, No 35, R & S M Regular meetings second Monday



night in each month.

Blackwell Lodge No. 57, K. P. Meets every Friday night

in K. P. Hall. J. W. BLUE, C. C GEO, M. CRIDER, K. of R. and S.

> Marion Lodge No 60 Regular meetings first and third Monday nights in each month, in the Masonic

Visiting brethren are con dially invited to attend B. L. WILBORN, M. W. J. C. BOURLAND, Recorder.

Stray Mule.

On Friday night, Aug. 3, a black horse mule 12 to 14 hands high, some collar marks on shoulder, about 10 years old, was taken from my barn lot, 2 miles from Dycusburg. I will pay for his return or information as to his whereabouts. W. T. Turpin,

Dyeusburg, Ky.

We carry a complete stook of wooden and metallic coffins, caskets, etc., burial robes and slippers. A handsome hearse always ready for funeral occasions.

Boston & Walker.

All persons indebted to the estate of A. D. McFee, deceased, by note or account must settle by Sept.

1. or the business will be placed in the hands of an officer. We desire to sell the Bob Flanary farm,

J. E. Dean, E. M. McFee,



Women are Like

Flowers. Healthy and strong they blossom and bloom. Sickly, they wither and die. Every woman ought to look well and feel well. It's her right and duty, but she might as well try to put out a fire with oil as to be healthy and attractive with disease corroding the organs that make her a woman. Upon their health depends her health. there is inflammation or weakening drains or suffering at the monthly period, attend to it at once. Don't delay. You're one step nearer the grave every day you put it off. Women can stand a great deal, but they cannot live forever with disease dragging at the most delicate and vital organs in their body. You may have been deceived in so-called cures. We don't see how you could help it—there is so much worthless stuff on the market. But you won't be disappointed in Bradfield's Female Regulator. We believe it is the one medicine on earth for womanly ills. There is as much difference between it and other so-called remedies as there is between right and wrong. Bradfield's Female Regulator soothes the pain, stops the drains, promotes regularity, strengthens, purifies and cleanses. It does all this quickly and easily and naturally. It is for women alone to decide whether they wis be healthy or sick. Bradfield's Regulator lies at hand. Si p.r butle at drug store. dragging at the most delicate and

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Is made from the choicest extracts of vegetables and fruits, contains no injurious drugs, and is the best prescription that can be co mpounded for the cure of Constinution, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Nervousness and to dispel Colds and Fevers, It drives out all impurities of the blood and makes the complexion clear. If you do not like it better than and laxative you have ever used, your druggist will refund the money. An ideal remedy for children as well as adults. For sale by druggists at

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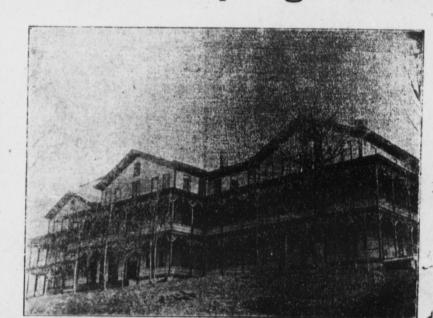
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(Mrs.) Jno. Perry, R. A. Towery, D W STONE, AGENT, THE ALONZO BLISS CO. BOLE PROPRIETORS